



A spectroscopic survey of faint Local Group satellites
Searching for the least massive galaxies

Nicolas Martin (MPIA, Heidelberg), Rodrigo Ibata (Strasbourg), Scott Chapman & Mike Irwin (Cambridge), Geraint Lewis (Sydney)

**MNRAS, accepted, astro-ph 0705.4622
+ Ibata et al. (2006), MNRAS 373, L70**

What can we learn from a spectroscopic survey?

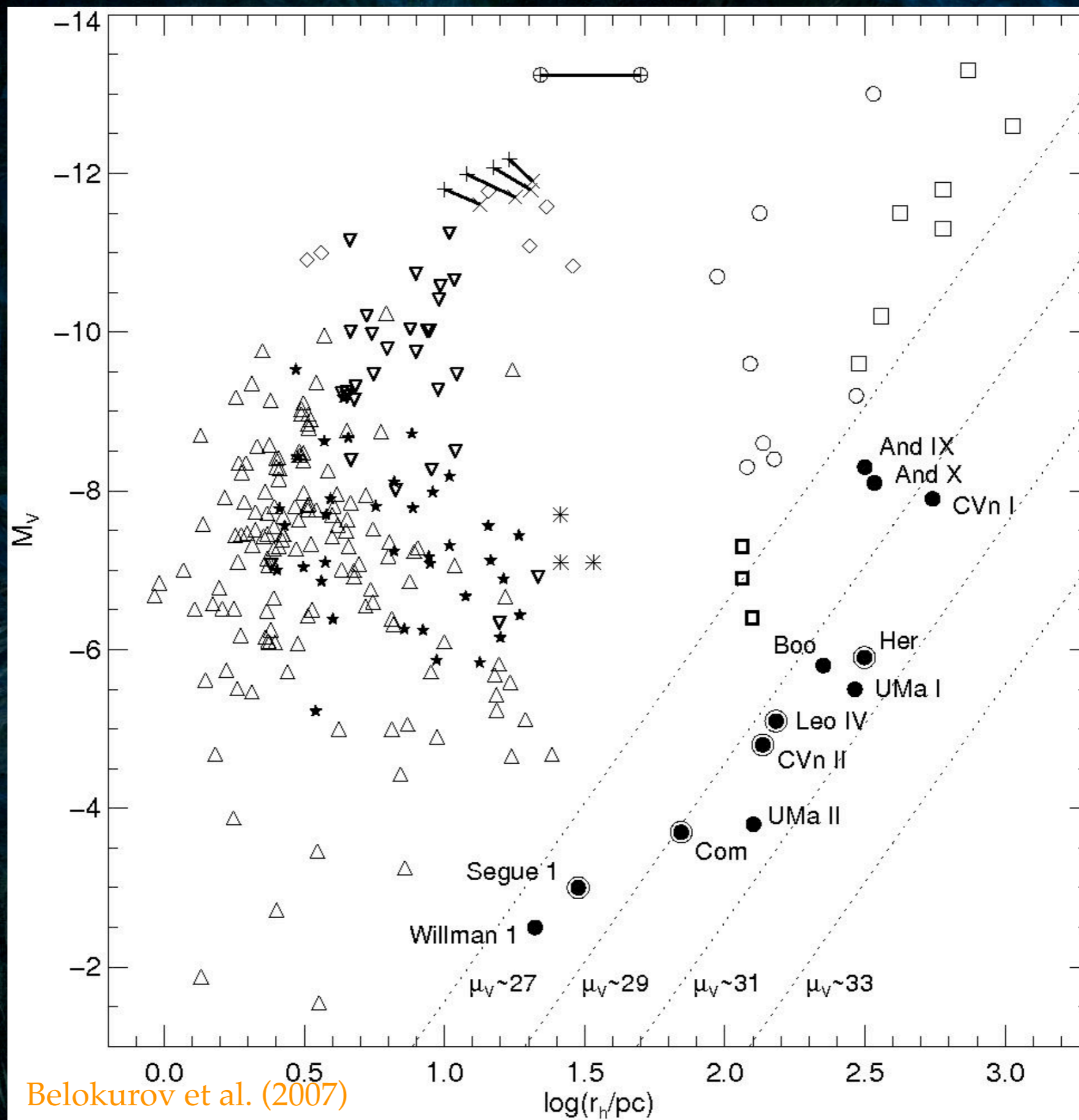
- * Radial velocity → first hint of the orbit of the dwarfs (and extreme cases)
- * Spectroscopic metallicities
- * Velocity dispersion → *instantaneous mass estimate of the system*

★ Illingworth (1976) $M = 167 r_c \mu \sigma_0^2$ $\mu \sim 8$ (Mateo 1998)

★ *caveats:*

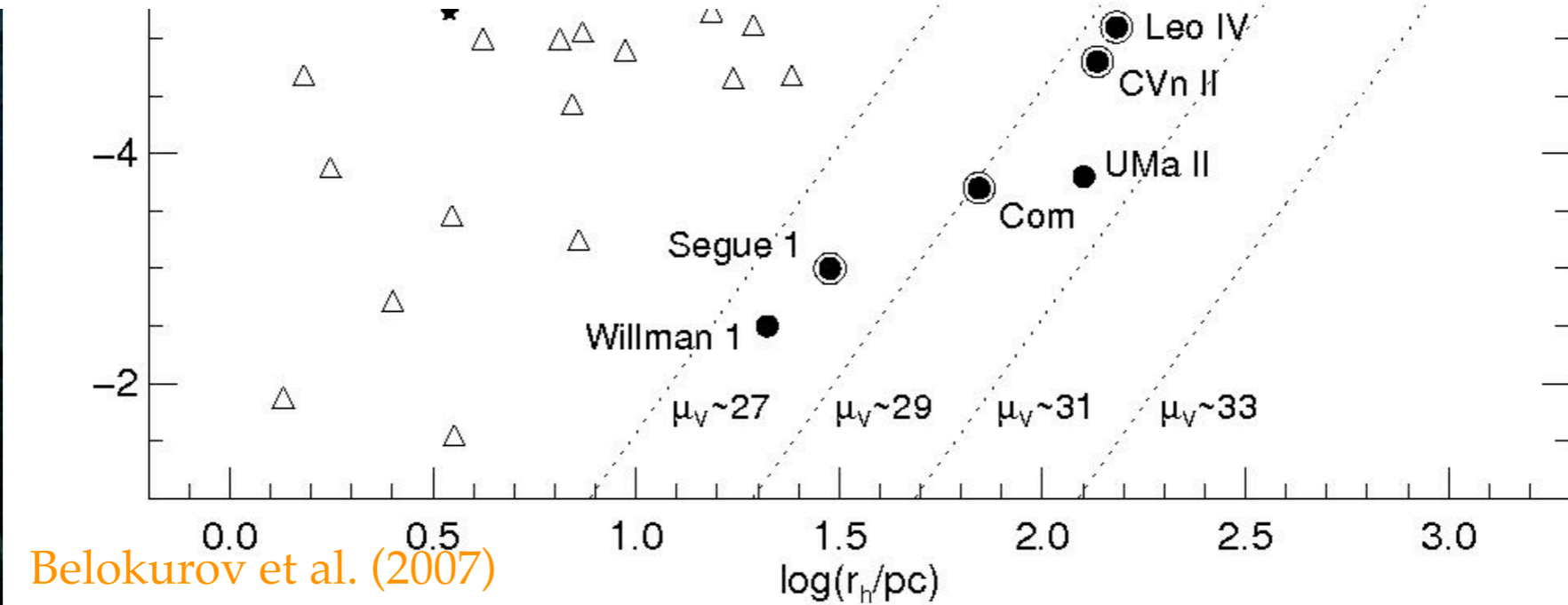
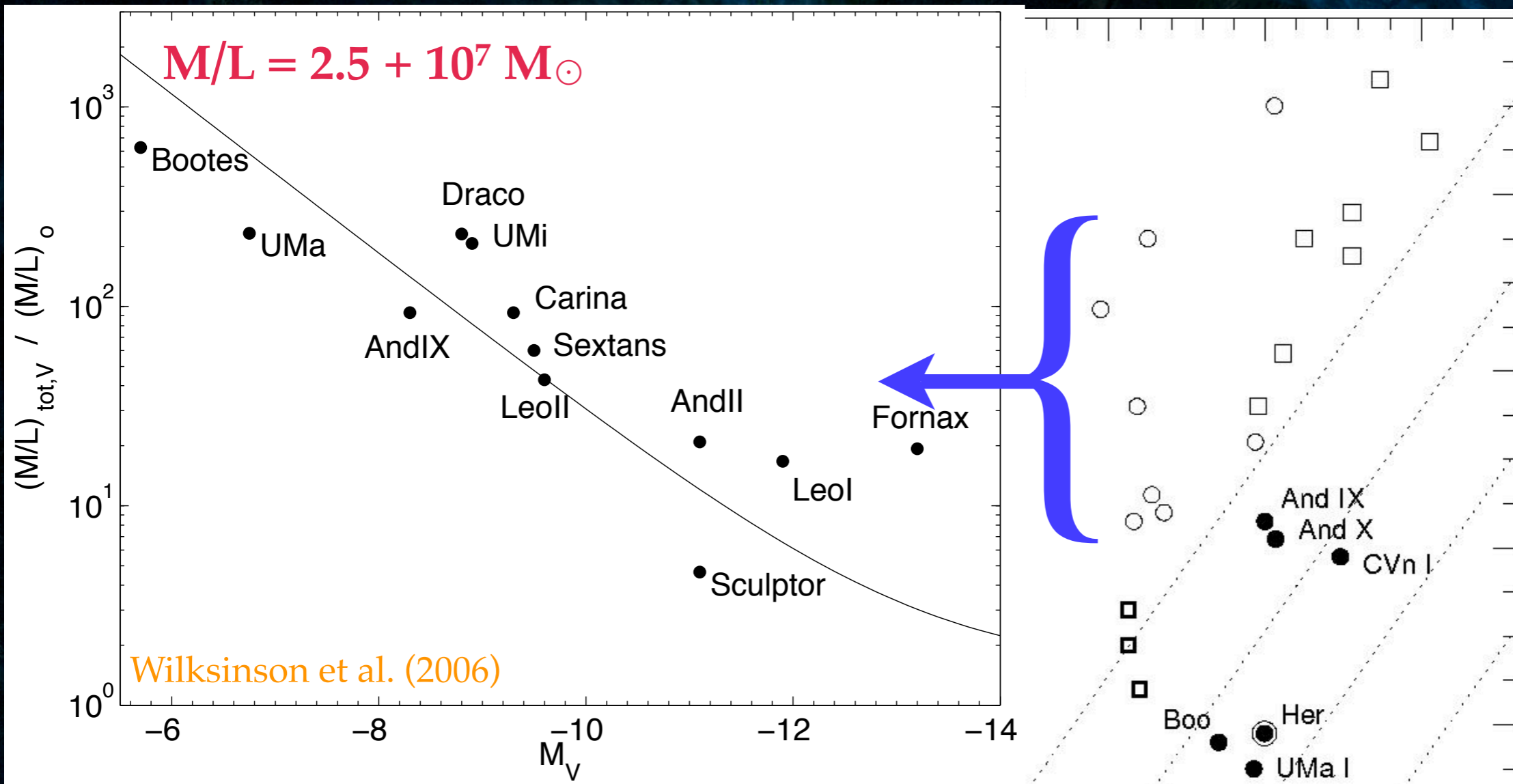
- r_c not determined for faint dwarfs → $r_c \sim r_{hb}$ (true within $\pm 25\%$)
- Assuming spherical and virialized systems
- Tidal heating could increase σ but not in the center of the dwarf (Piatek & Pryor, 1995)
- Binaries?

Faint SDSS satellites



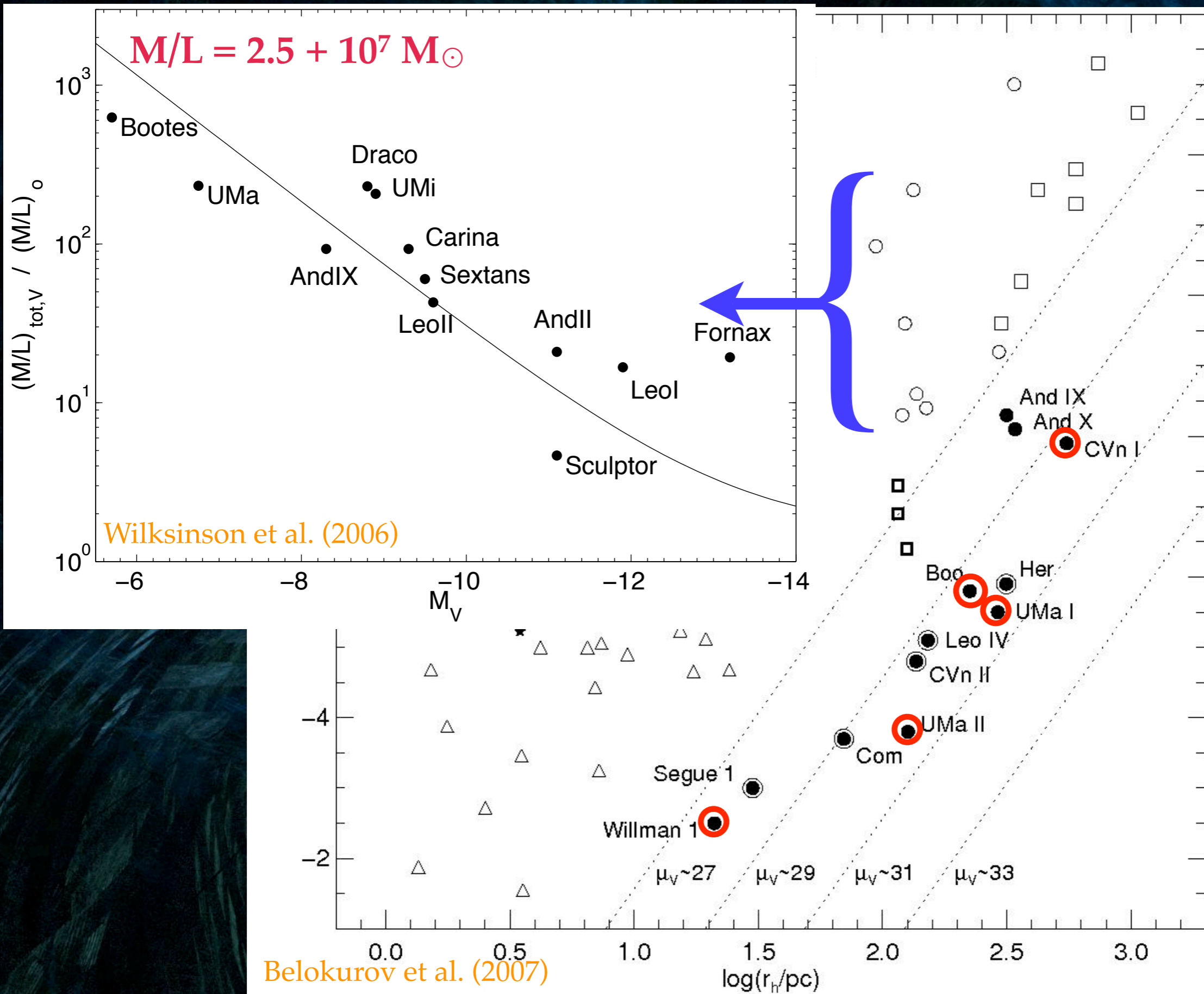
Belokurov et al. (2007)

Faint SDSS satellites

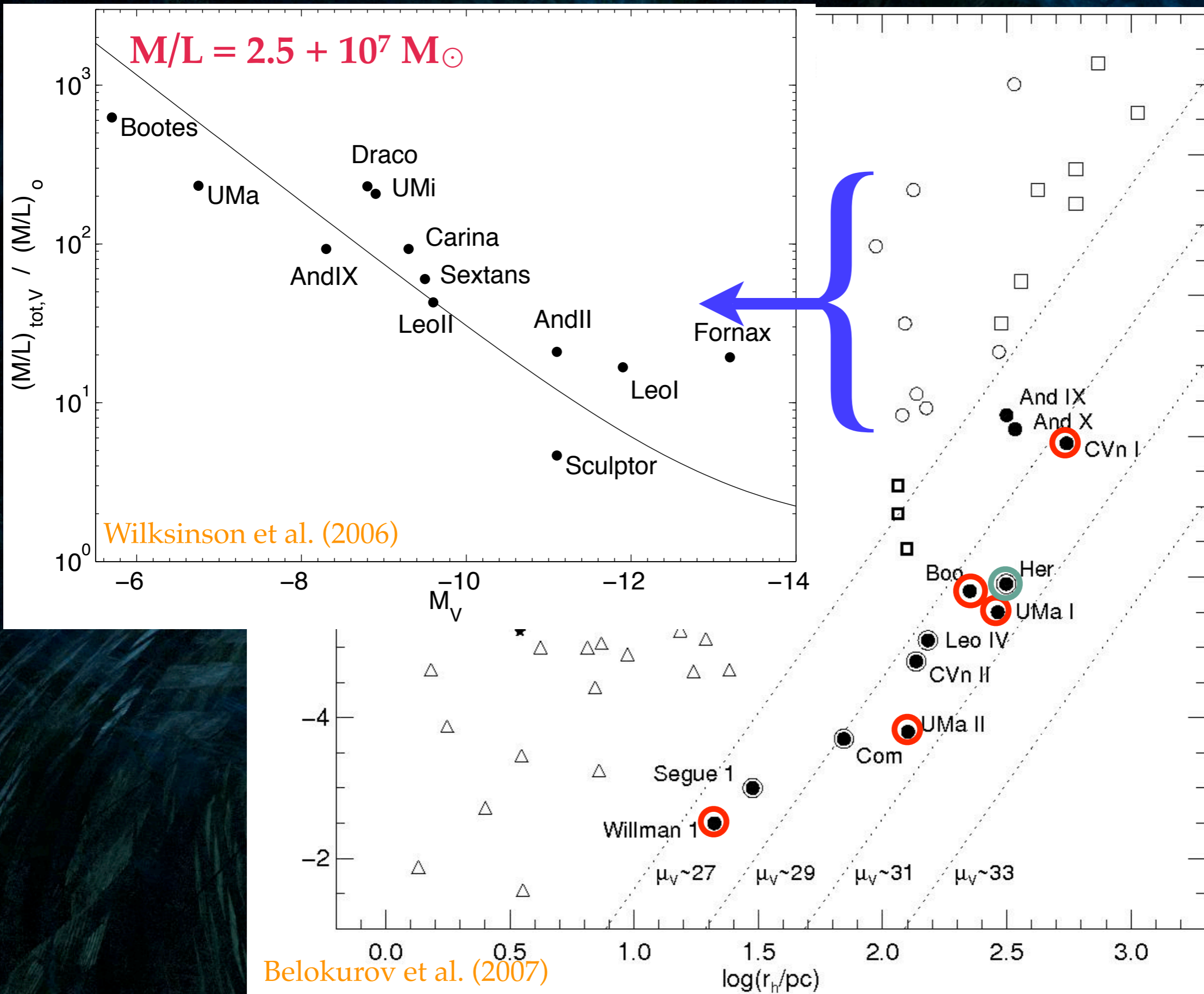


Belokurov et al. (2007)

Faint SDSS satellites



Faint SDSS satellites



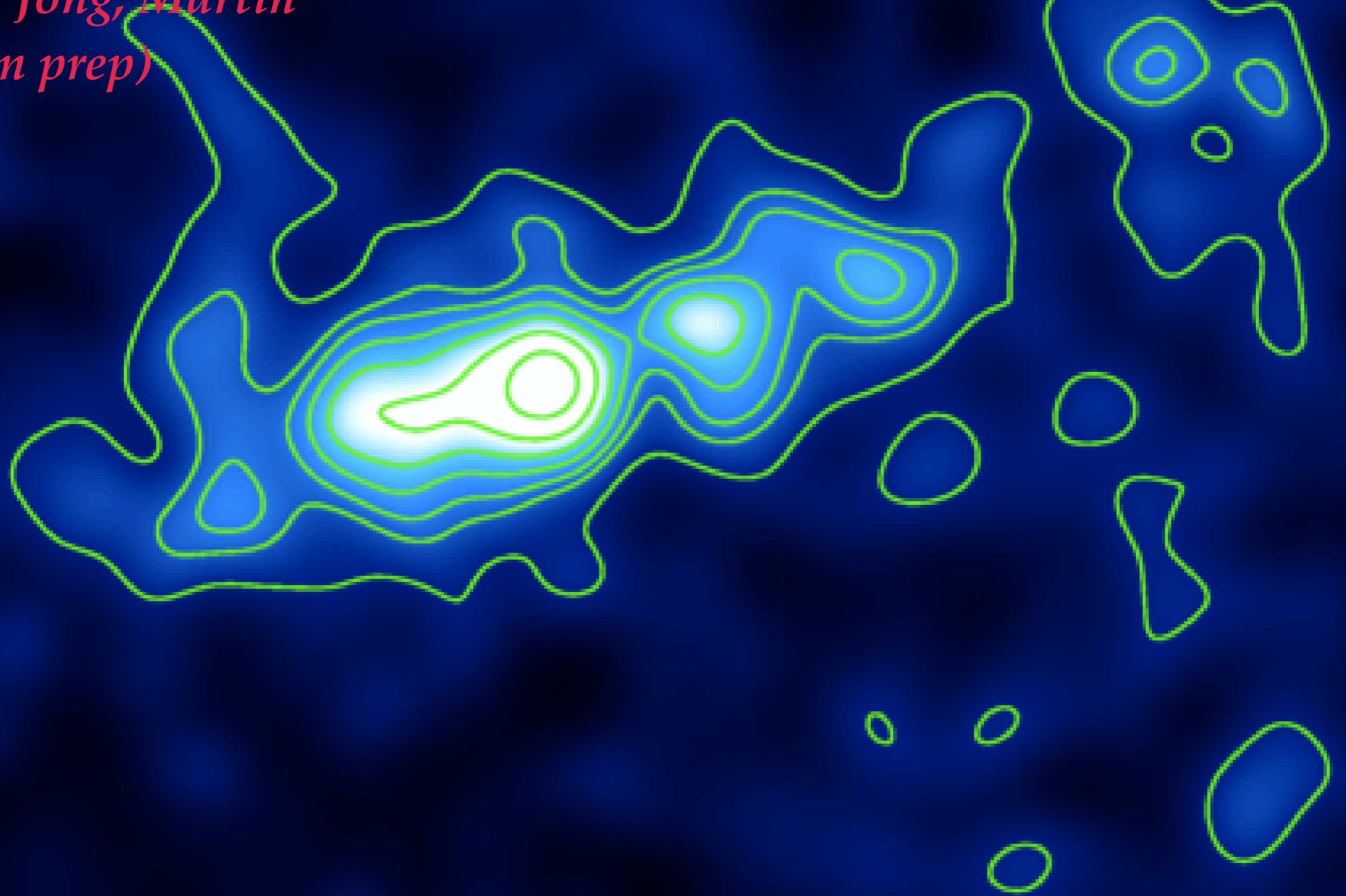
LBT/LBC image
(Coleman, de Jong, Martin
et al. in prep)

Hercules

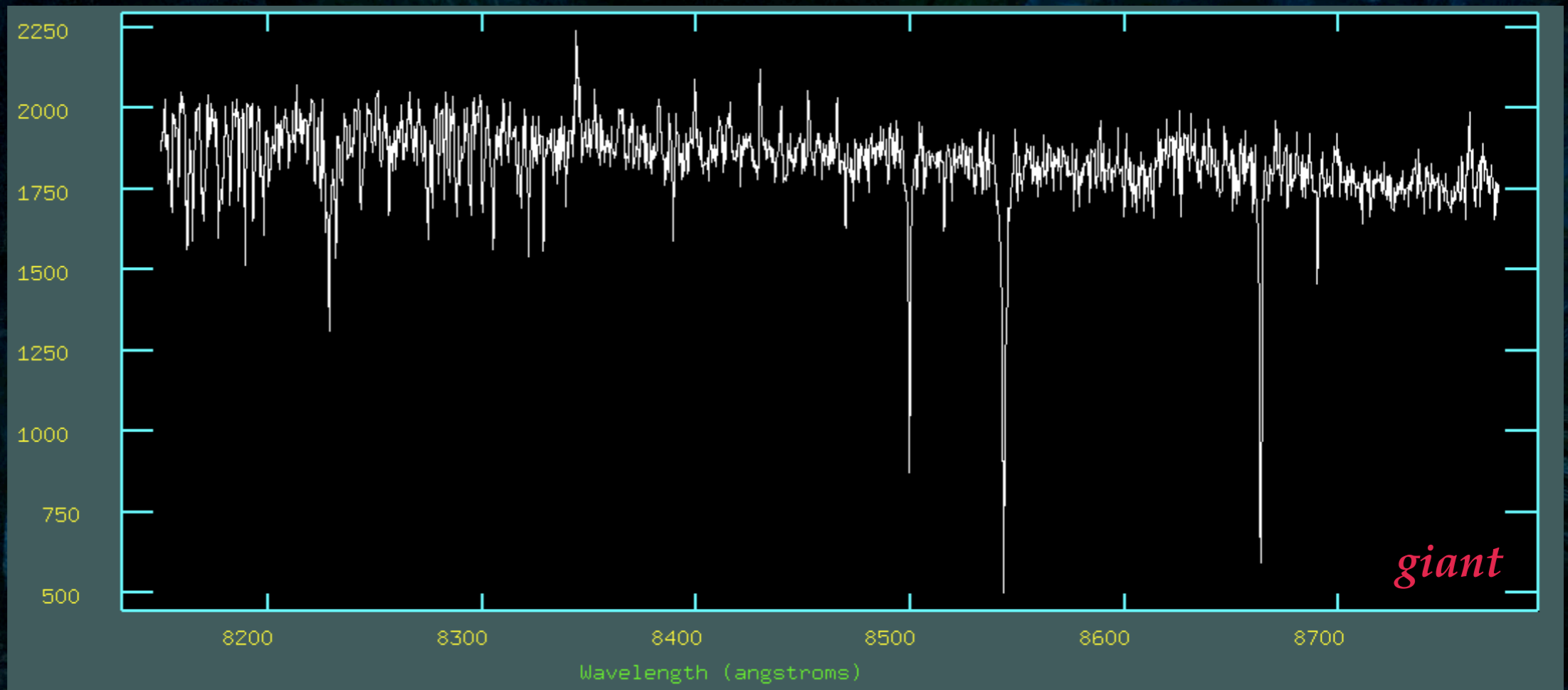


Hercules

*LBT/LBC image
(Coleman, de Jong, Martin
et al. in prep)*

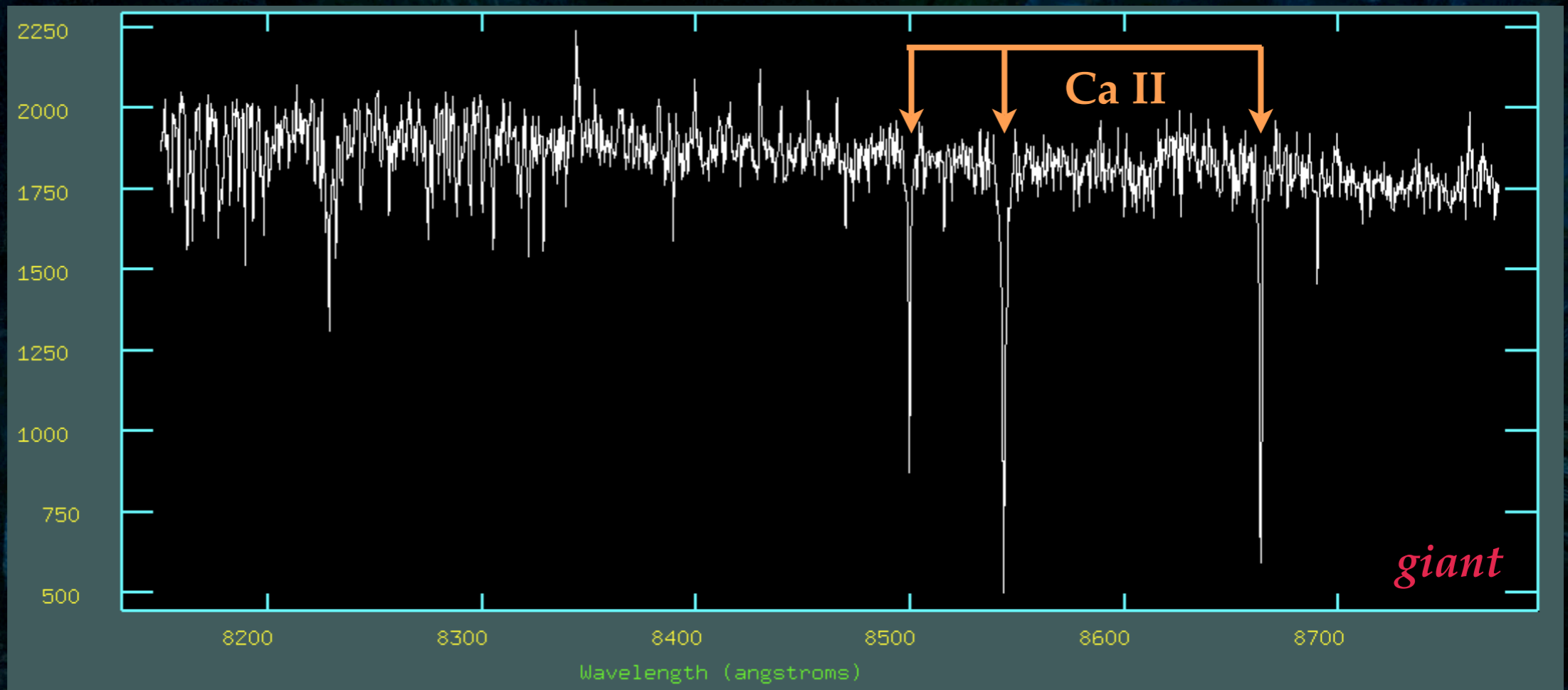


Data



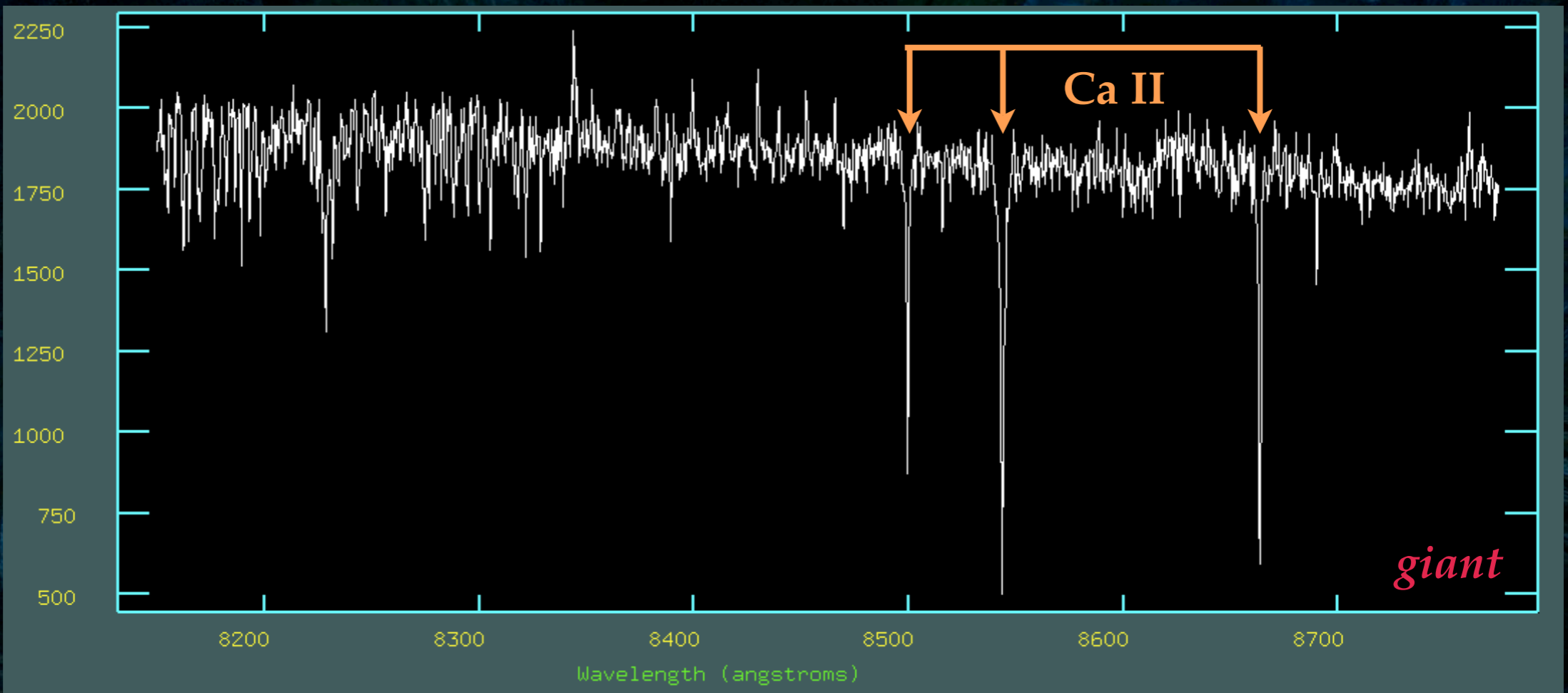
- * DEIMOS multi-object spectrograph on Keck
- * 1h exposures with HR grating → 6500-9000 Å, 1Å resolution spectra ($2 < S/N < 60$)
- * 20 – 150 targets (red giant branch, sub-giant branch and turn-off stars) depending of faintness of satellite
- * Calibration lamps observed between each observation to cope with slight rotation of spectrograph → *uncertainties 1-2 km/s*
- * Calcium triplet →
$$[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = -2.66 + 0.42[\Sigma\text{Ca} + 0.64(V - V_{HB})]$$
$$\Sigma\text{Ca} = 0.5\text{EW}_{\lambda 8498} + 1.0\text{EW}_{\lambda 8542} + 0.6\text{EW}_{\lambda 8662}$$
- * Na doublet, gravity sensitive to discriminate dwarfs (Galactic foreground stars) from *giants*

Data

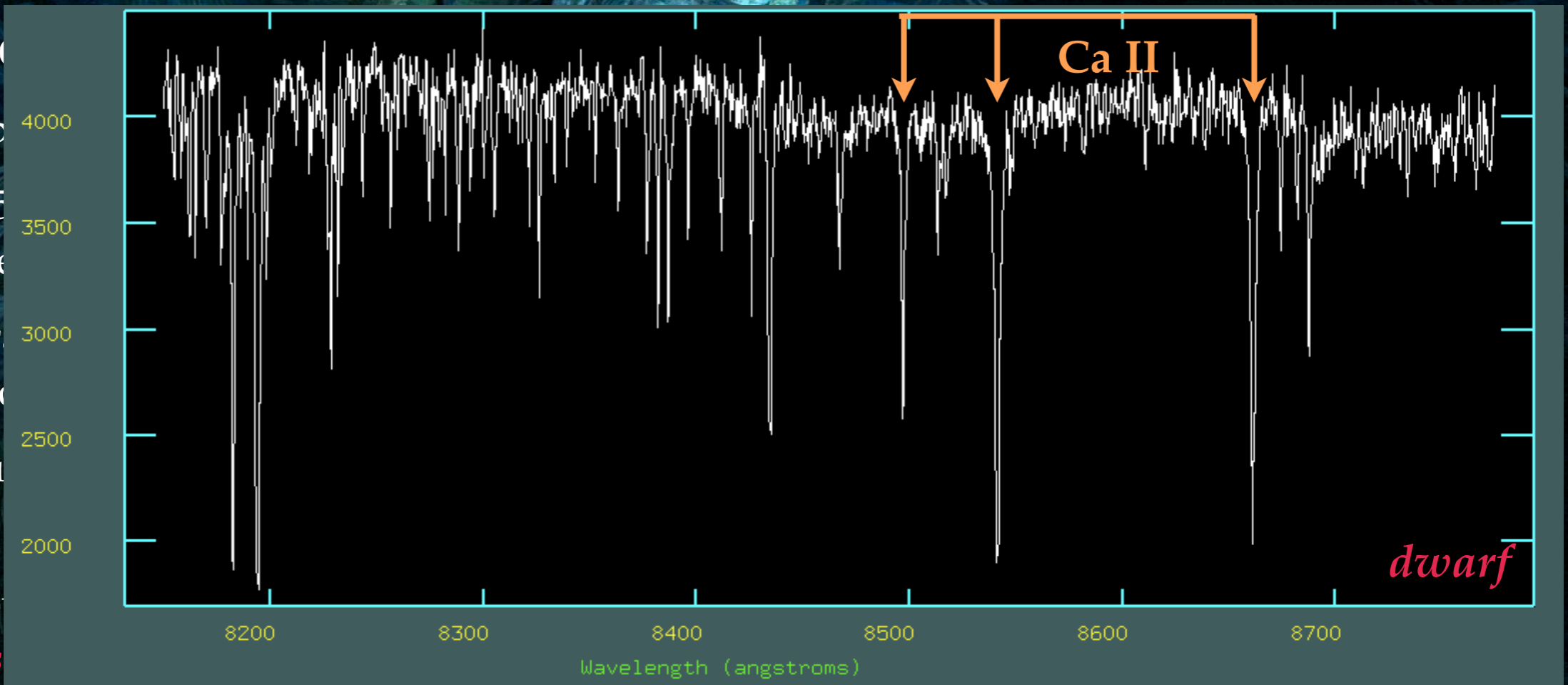


- * DEIMOS multi-object spectrograph on Keck
- * 1h exposures with HR grating → 6500-9000 Å, 1Å resolution spectra ($2 < S/N < 60$)
- * 20 – 150 targets (red giant branch, sub-giant branch and turn-off stars) depending of faintness of satellite
- * Calibration lamps observed between each observation to cope with slight rotation of spectrograph → *uncertainties 1-2 km/s*
- * Calcium triplet →
$$[\text{Fe}/\text{H}] = -2.66 + 0.42[\Sigma\text{Ca} + 0.64(V - V_{HB})]$$
$$\Sigma\text{Ca} = 0.5EW_{\lambda 8498} + 1.0EW_{\lambda 8542} + 0.6EW_{\lambda 8662}$$
- * Na doublet, gravity sensitive to discriminate dwarfs (Galactic foreground stars) from *giants*

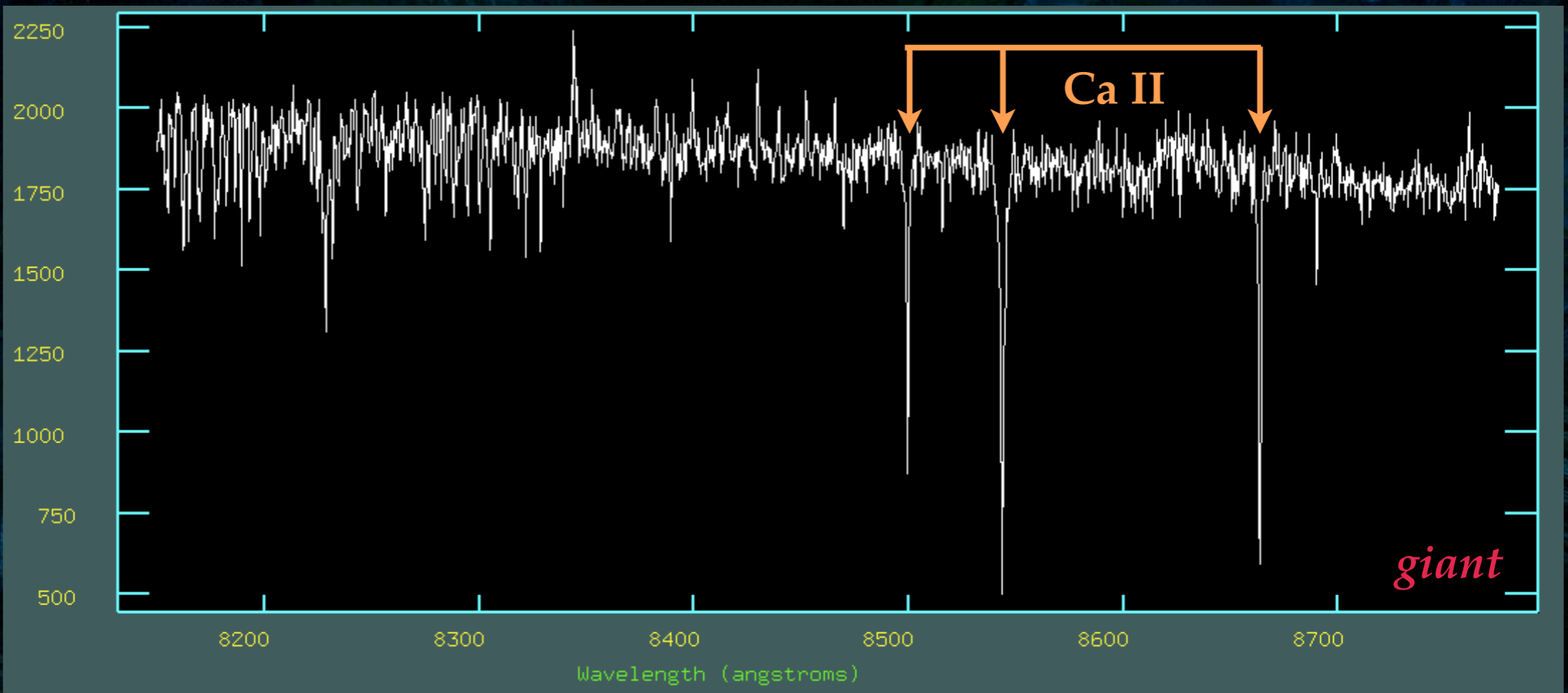
Data



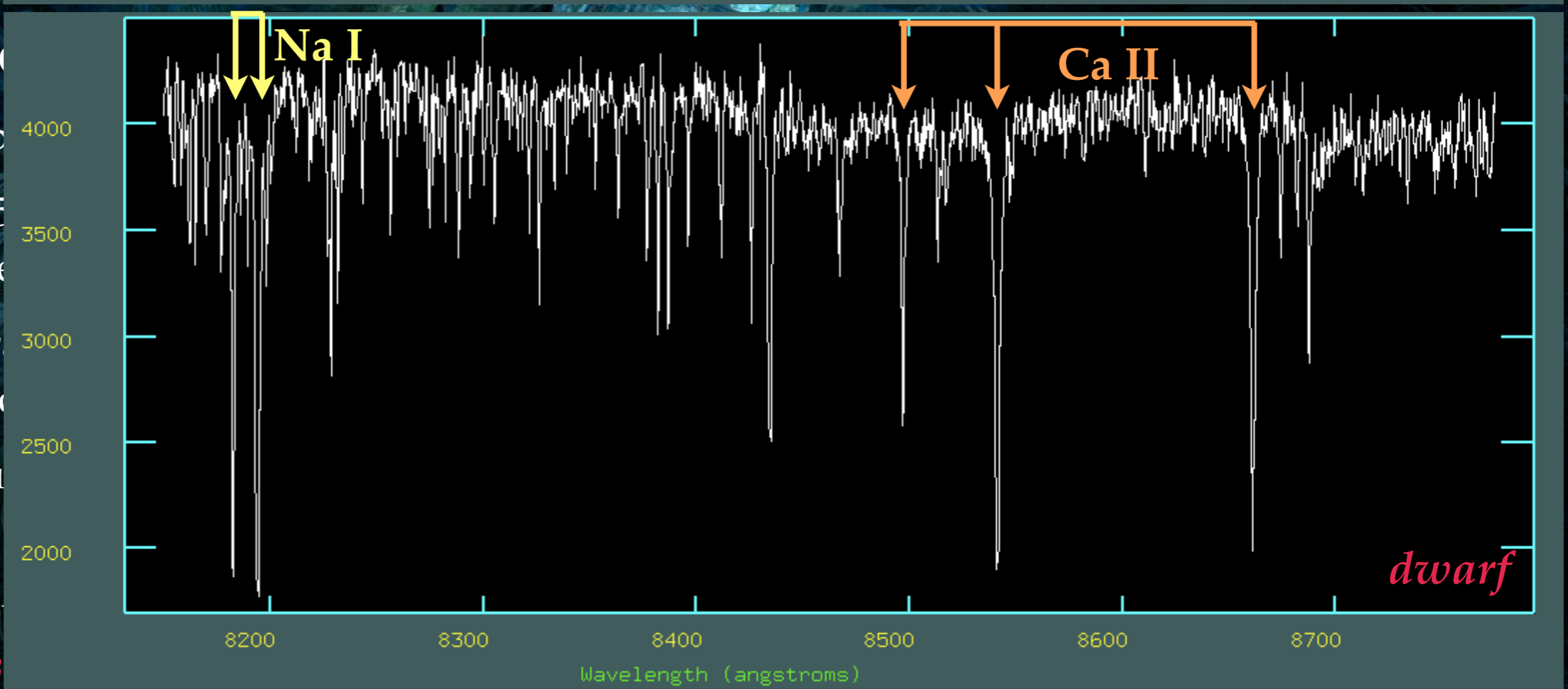
- * DEIMC
- * 1h exp
- * 20 – 15
- * faintne
- * Calibr
- * spectro
- * Calciu
- * Na do
- * giants



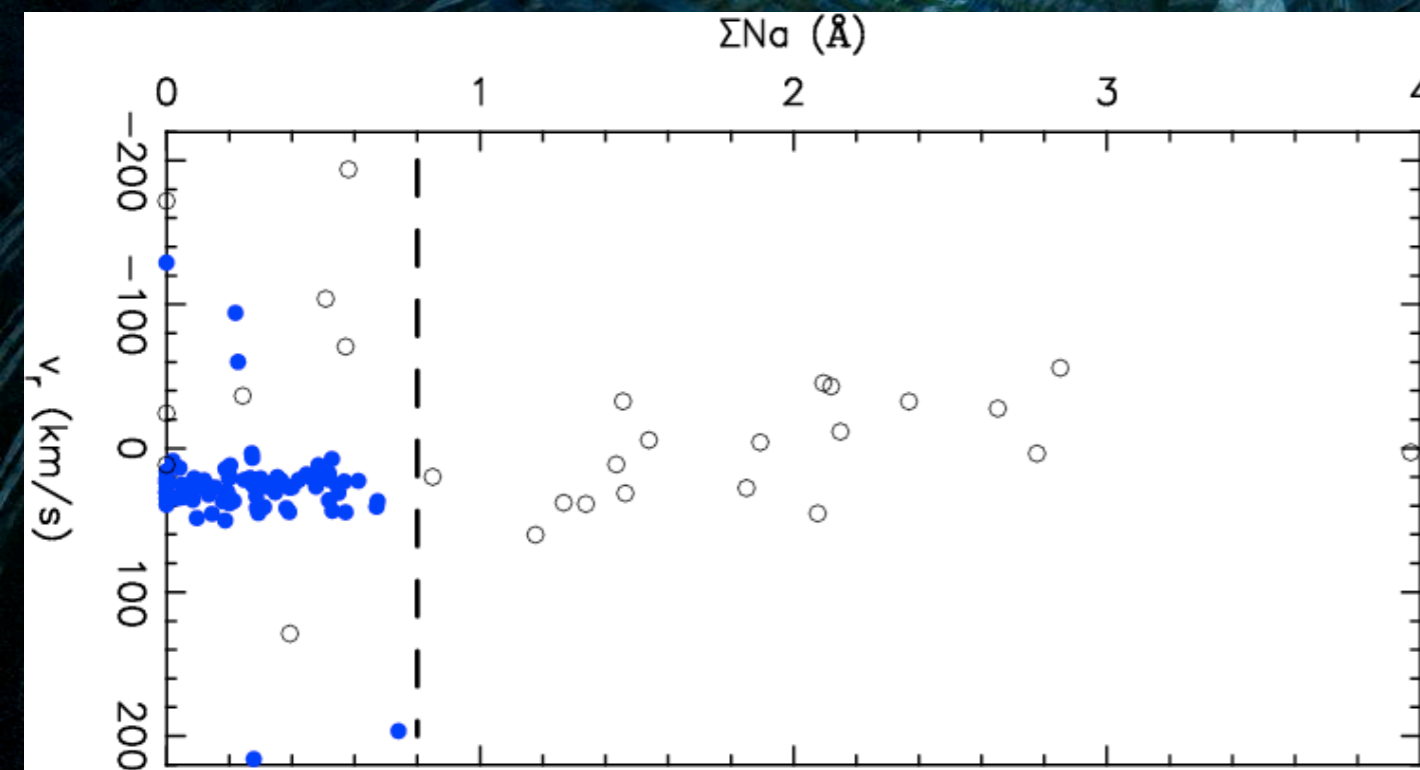
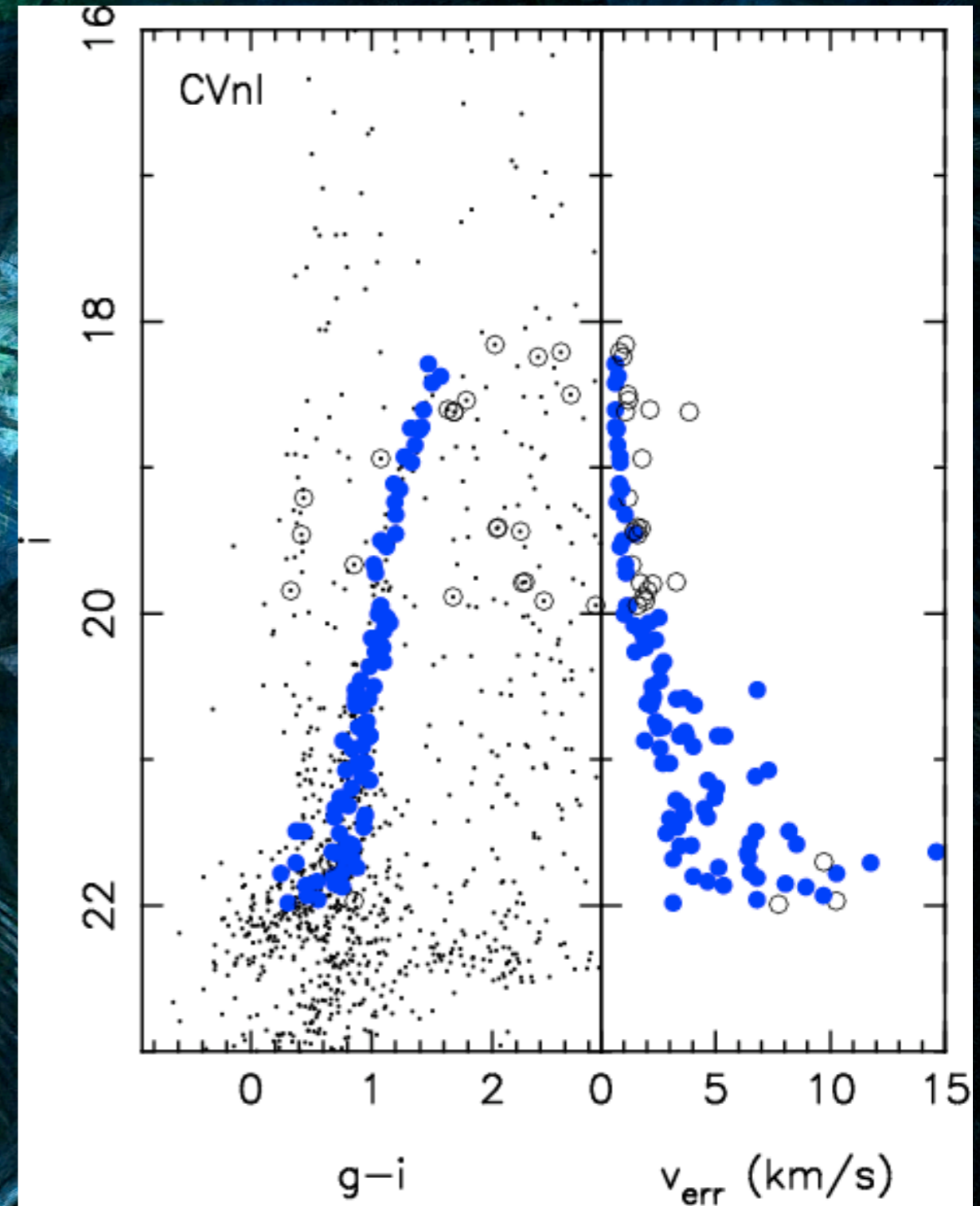
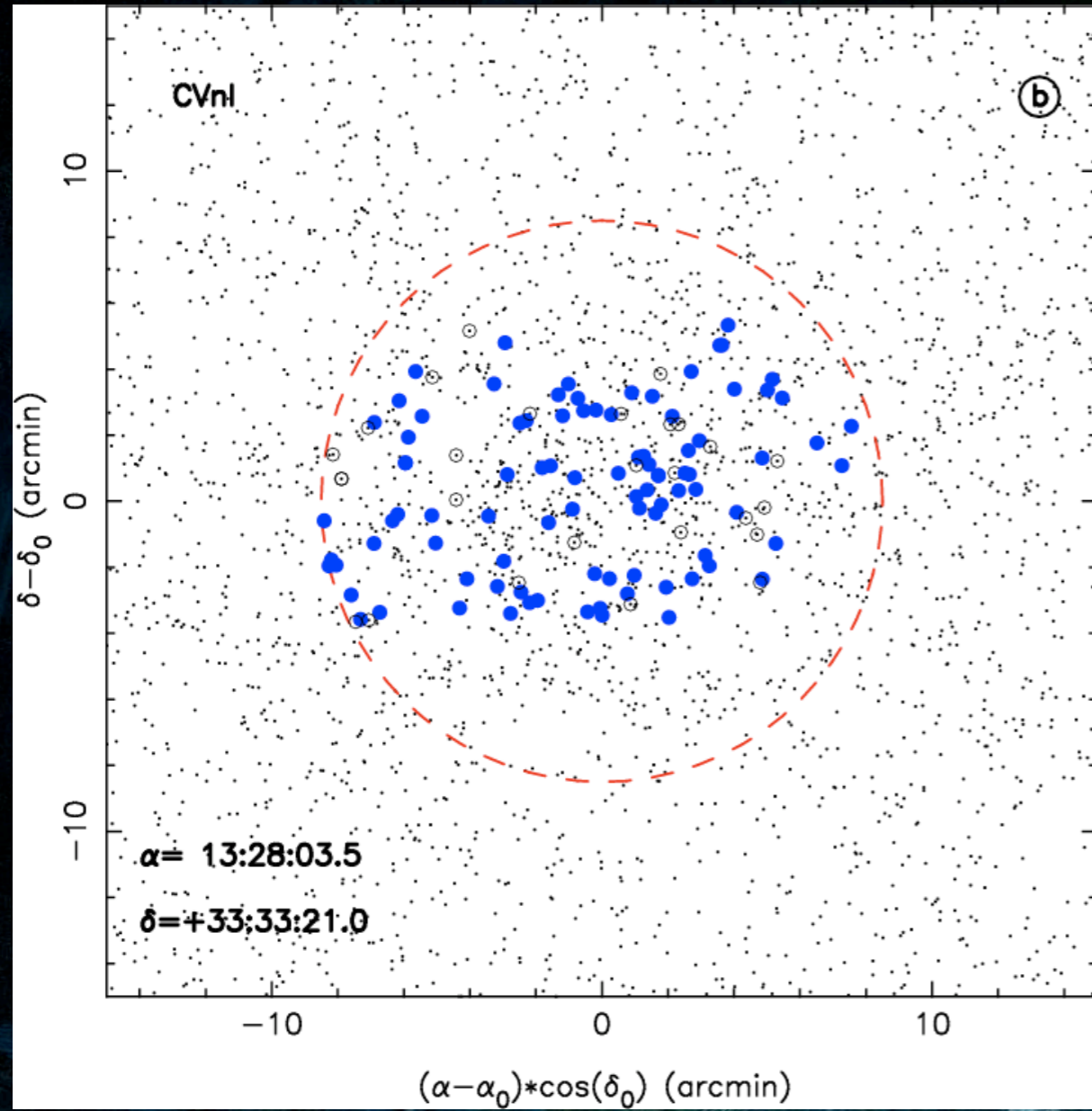
Data

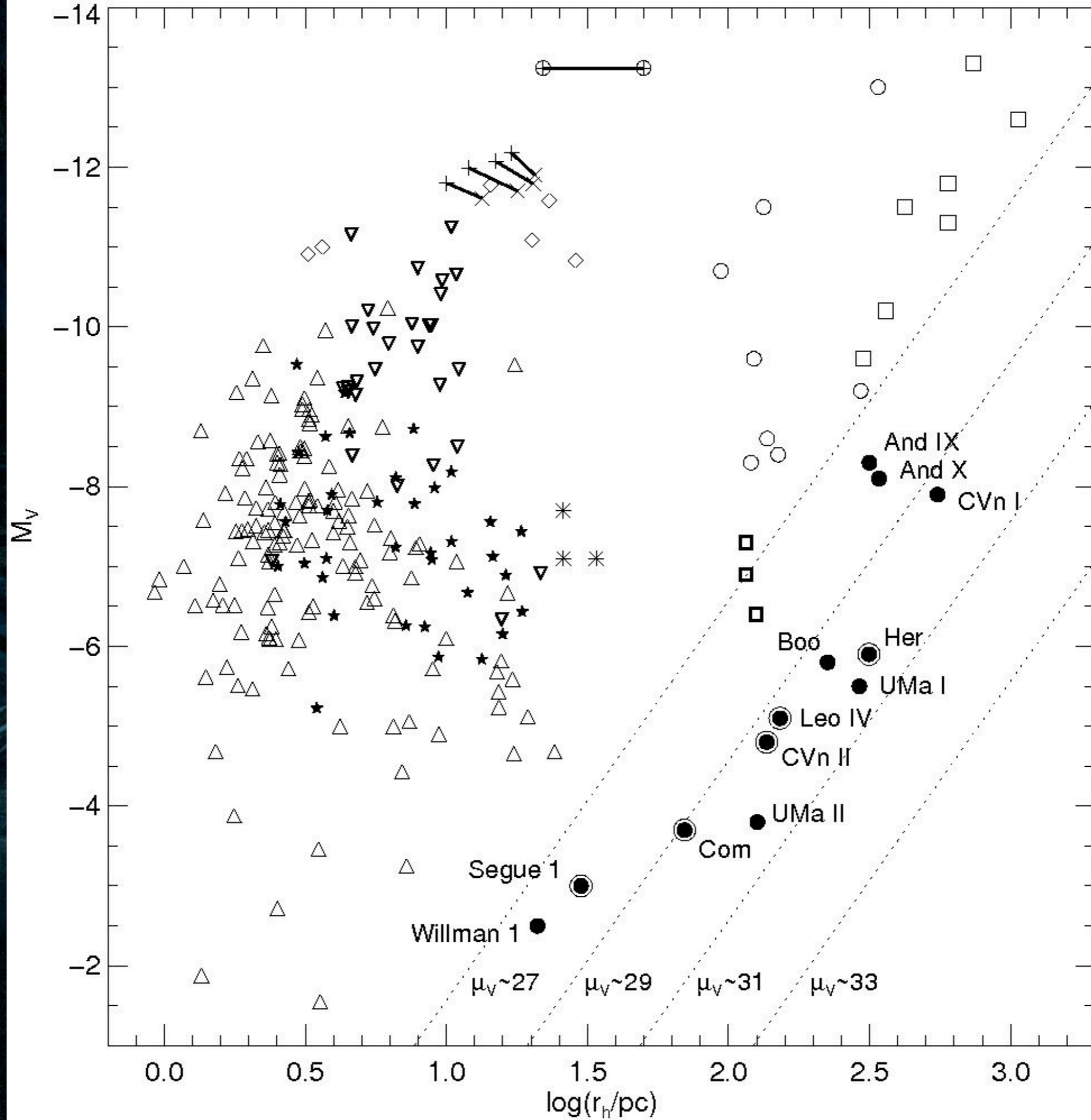


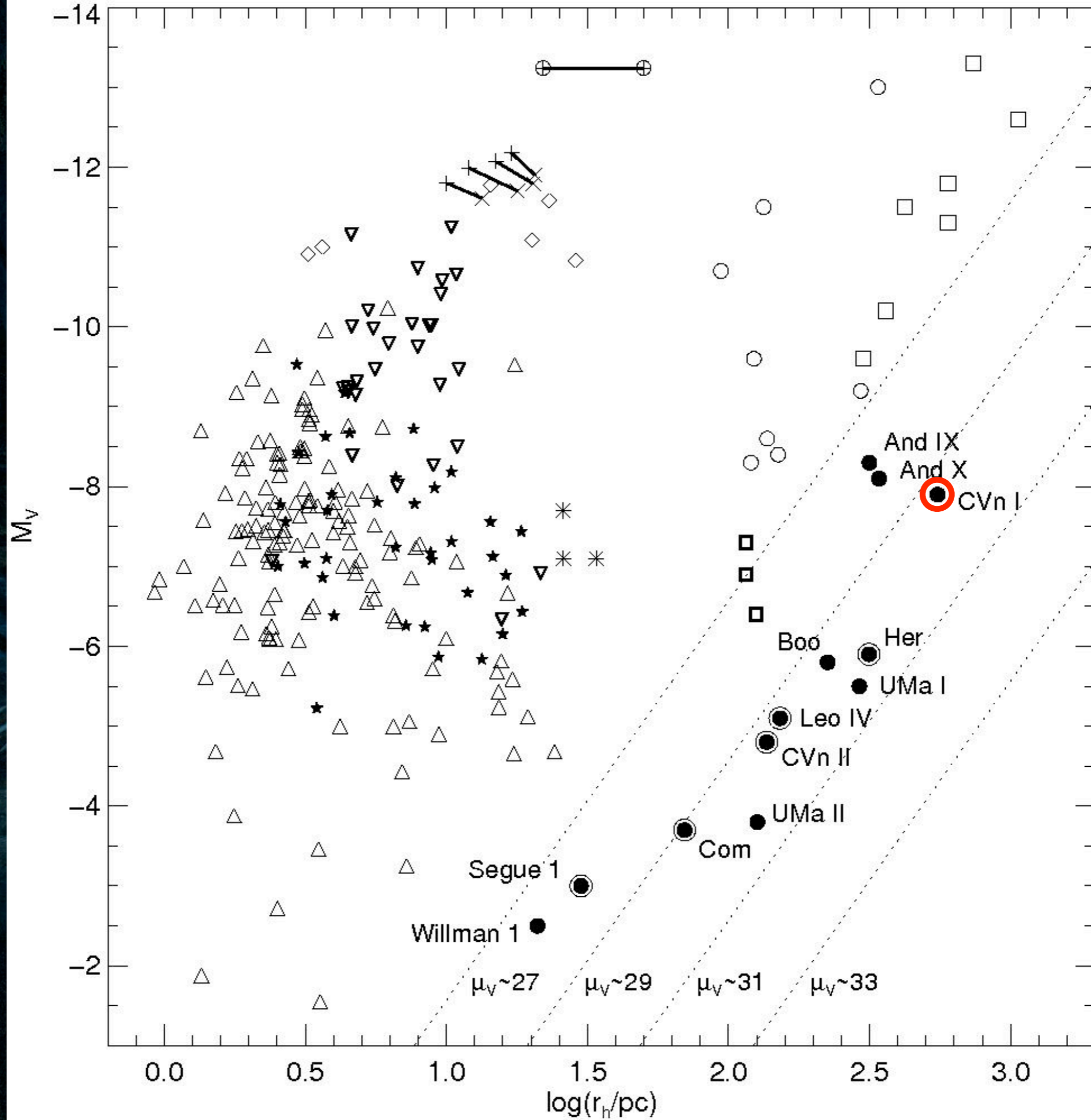
- * DEIMC
- * 1h exp
- * 20 – 15
- * faintne
- * Calibr
- * spectro
- * Calciu
- * Na do
- * giants

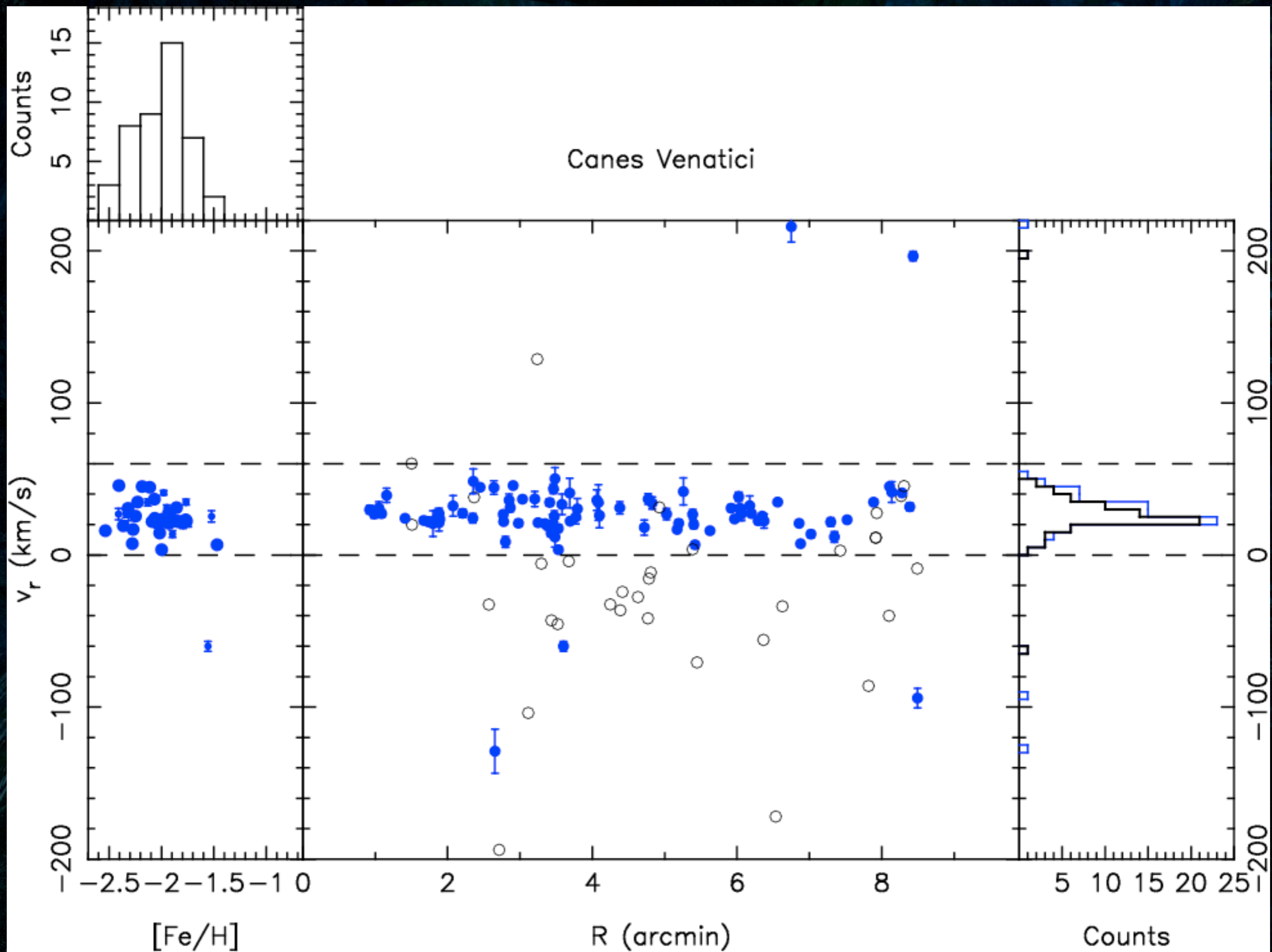


Canes Venatici I

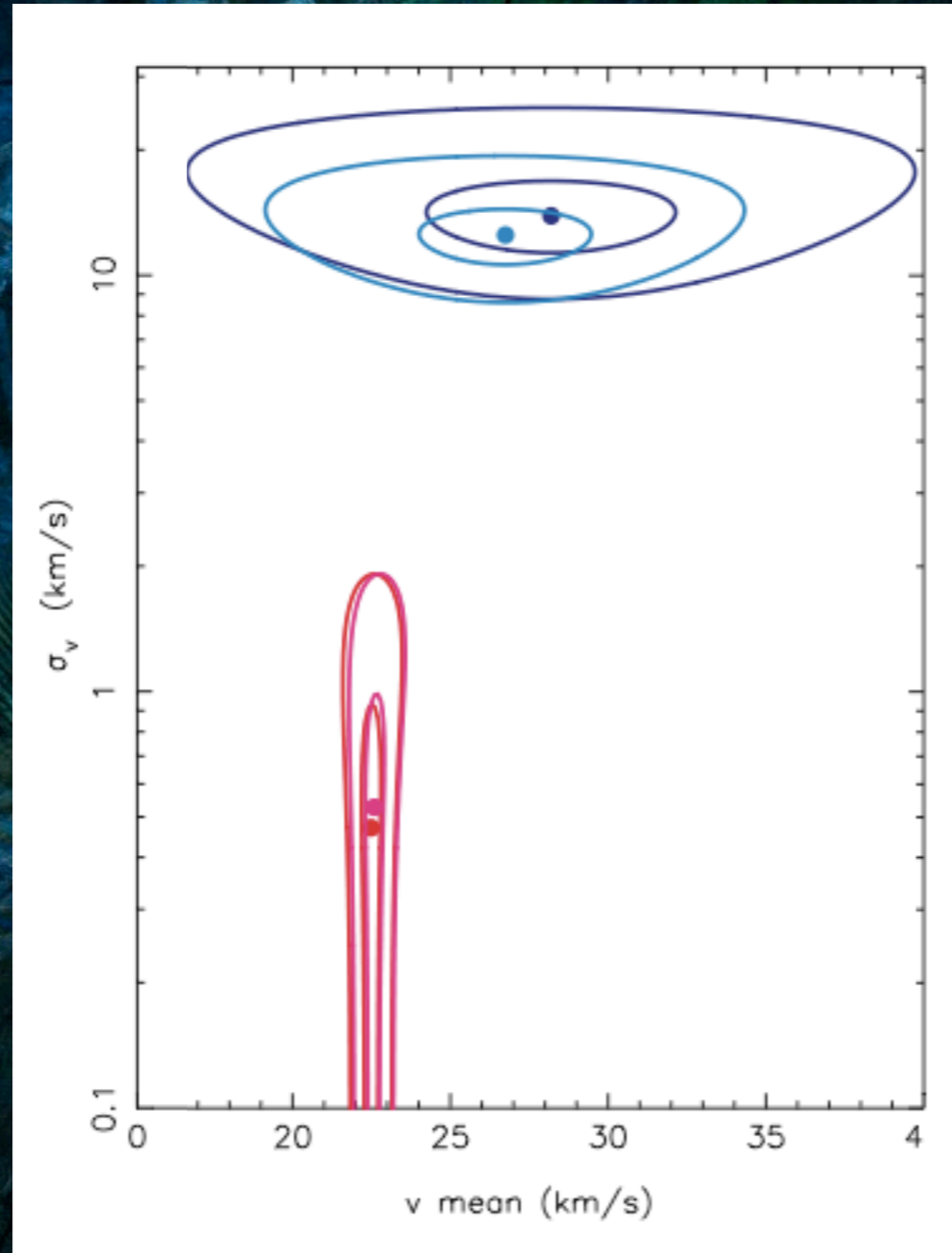
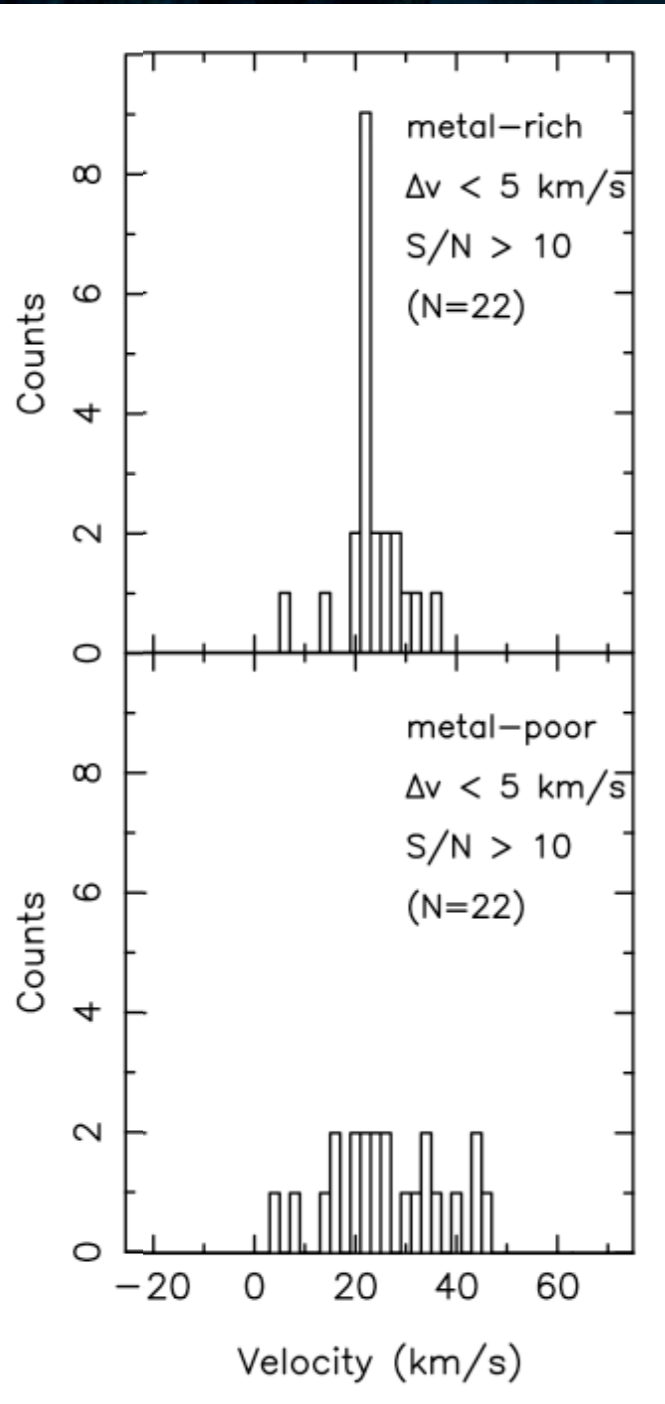








The Canes Venatici I case



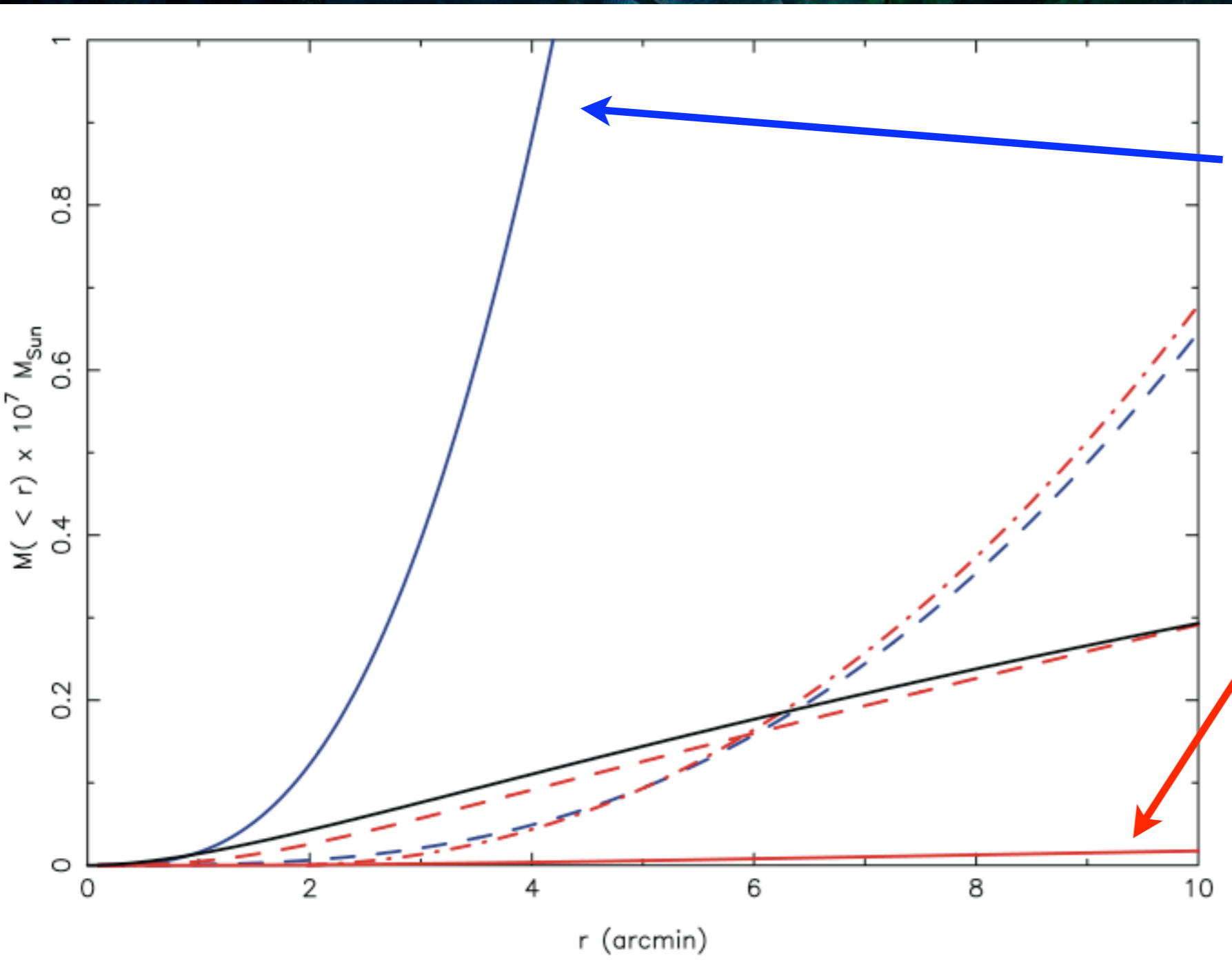
Metal-poor, hot extended component

- $-2.5 \lesssim [\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \lesssim -2.0$
- $r_{\text{hb}} = 500 \pm 135 \text{ pc}$
- $\sigma = 13.9_{-2.5}^{+3.2} \text{ km/s}$

Metal-rich, cold component

- $-2.0 \lesssim [\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \lesssim -1.5$
- $r_{\text{hb}} = 230 \pm 65 \text{ pc}$
- $\sigma = 0.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ km/s}$
- $\sigma < 1.9 \text{ km/s}$ at 99% conf

The Canes Venatici I case

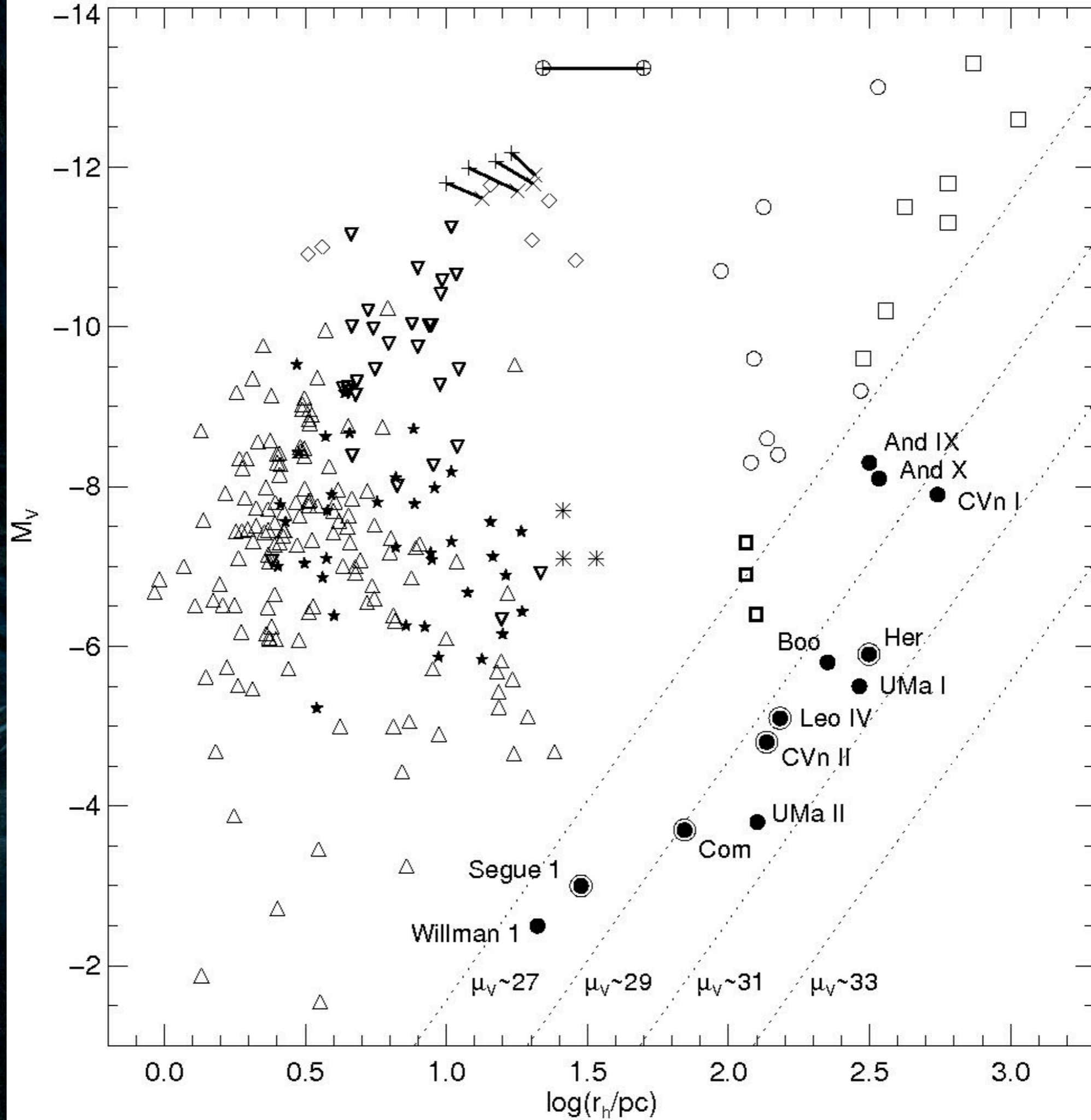


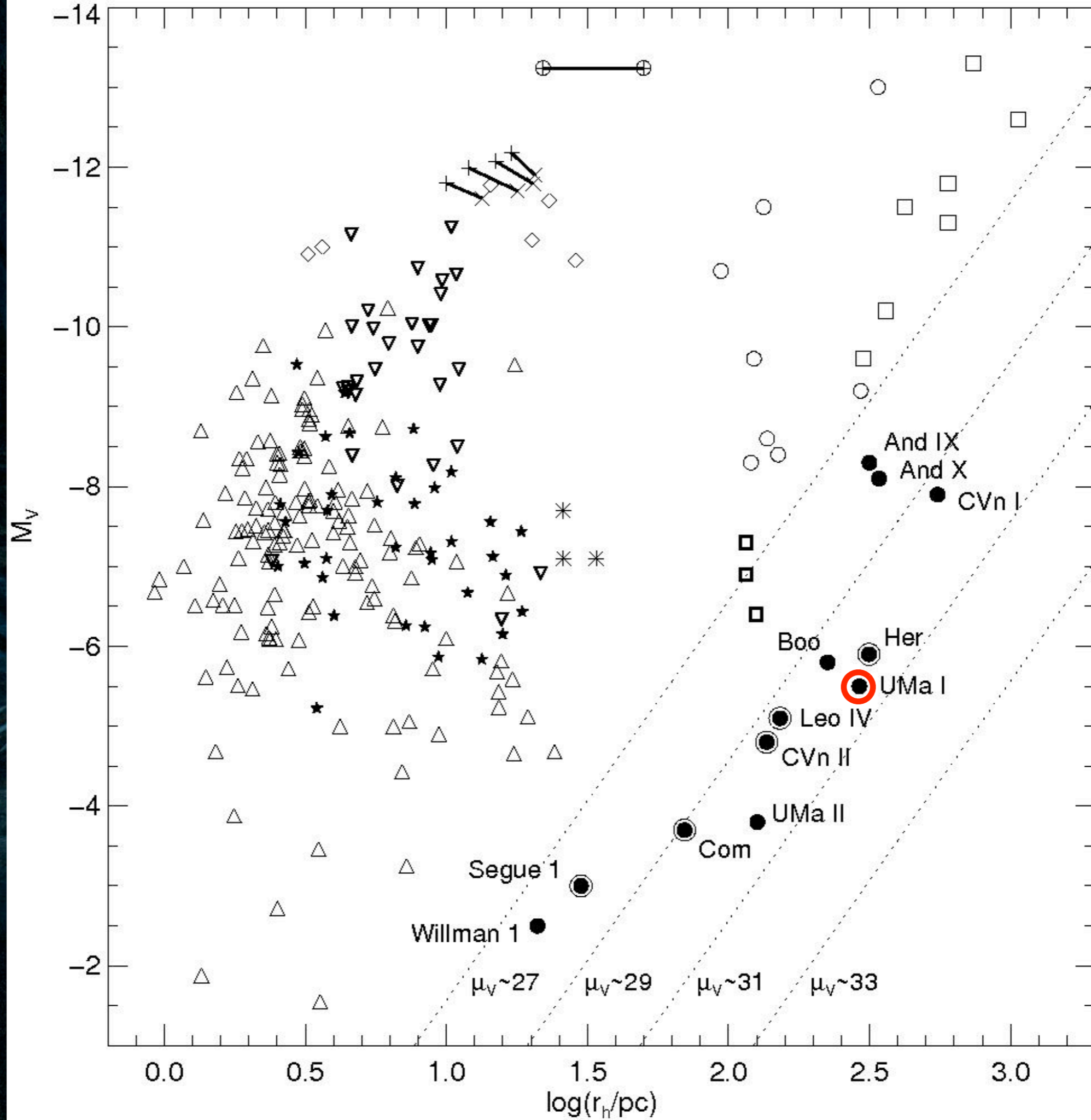
Metal-poor, hot extended component

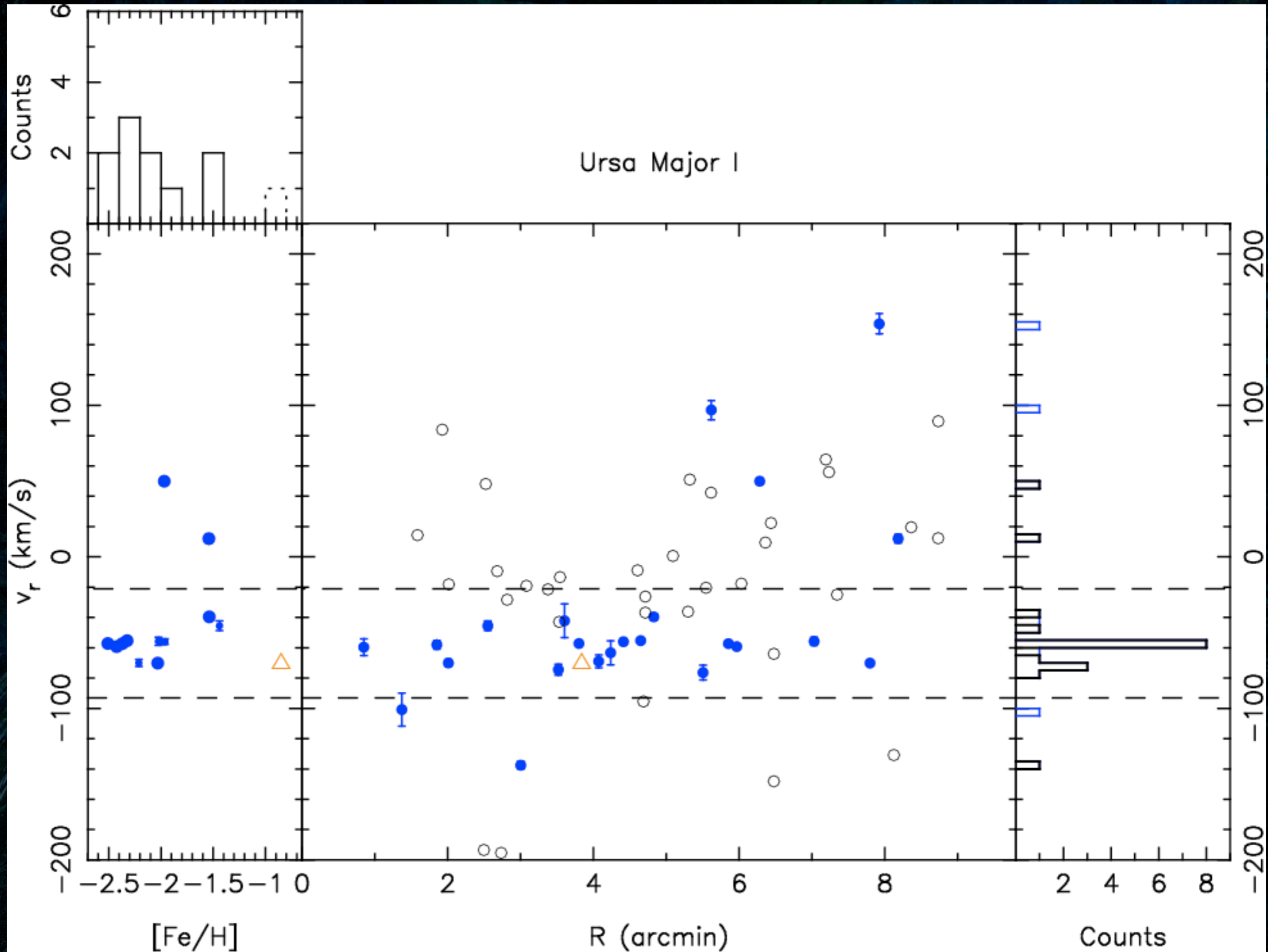
- $-2.5 \lesssim [\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \lesssim -2.0$
- $r_{\text{hb}} = 500 \pm 135 \text{ pc}$
- $\sigma = 13.9_{-2.5}^{+3.2} \text{ km/s}$

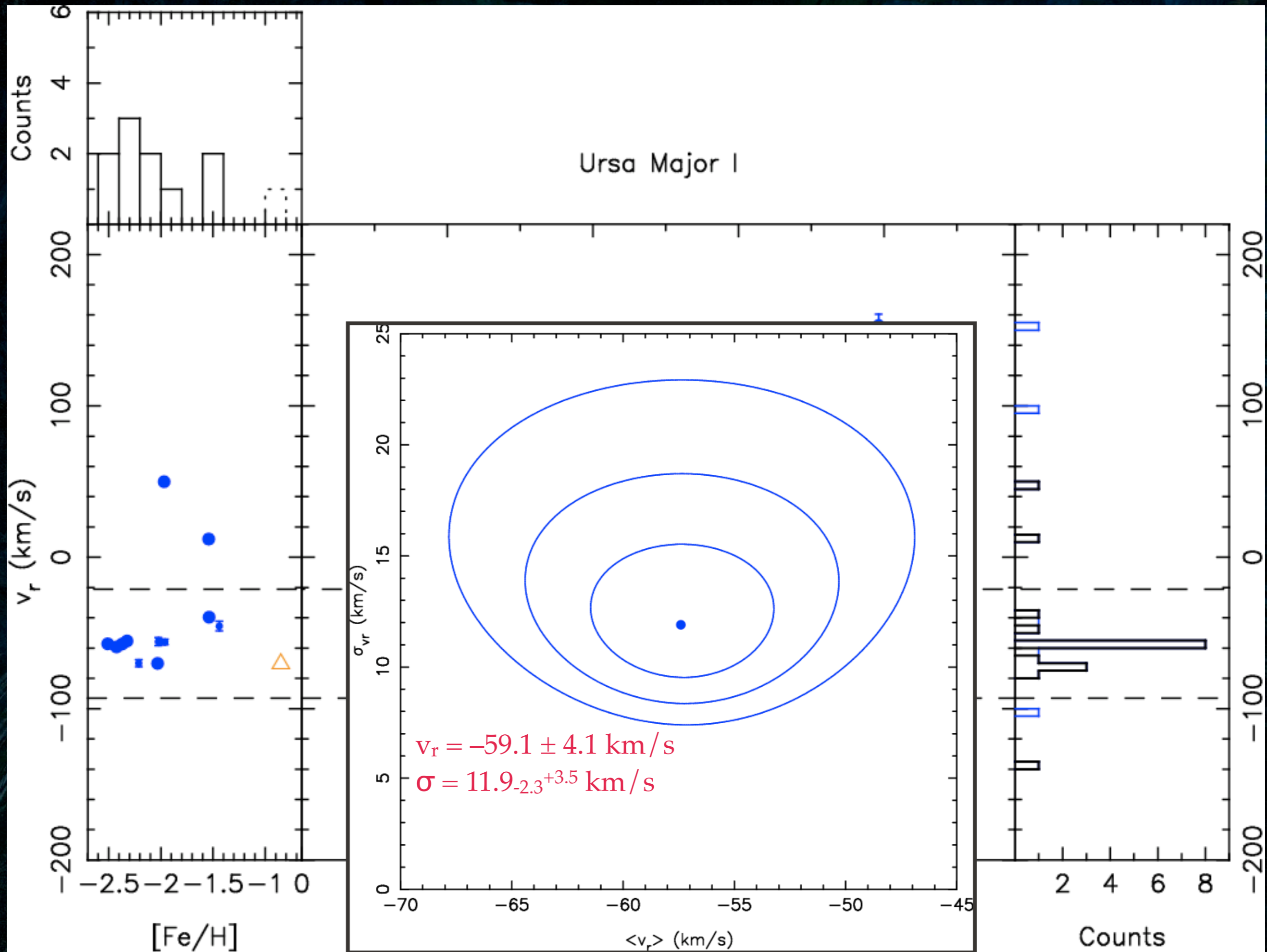
Metal-rich, cold component

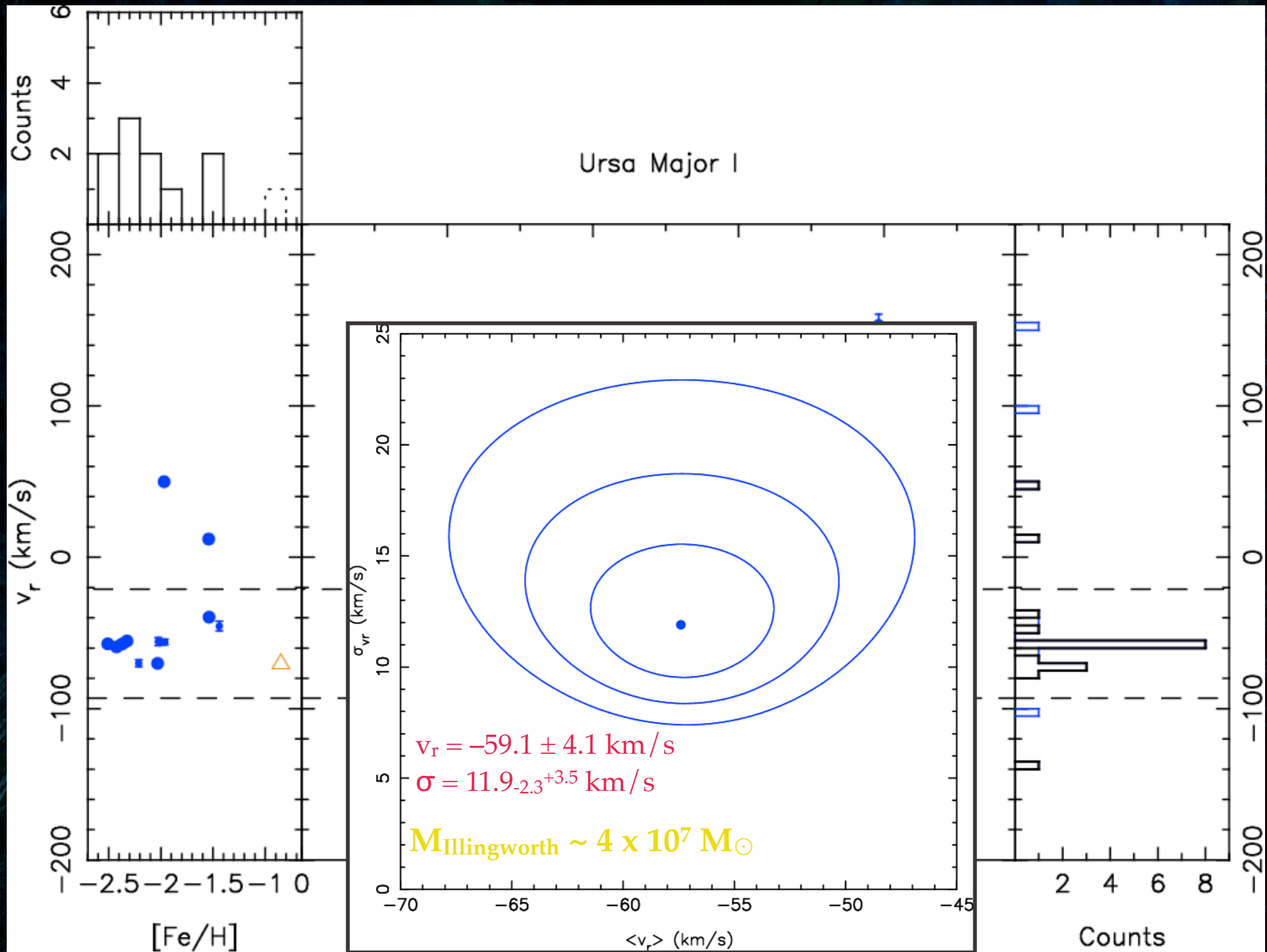
- $-2.0 \lesssim [\text{Fe}/\text{H}] \lesssim -1.5$
- $r_{\text{hb}} = 230 \pm 65 \text{ pc}$
- $\sigma = 0.5 \pm 0.5 \text{ km/s}$
- $\sigma < 1.9 \text{ km/s}$ at 99% conf

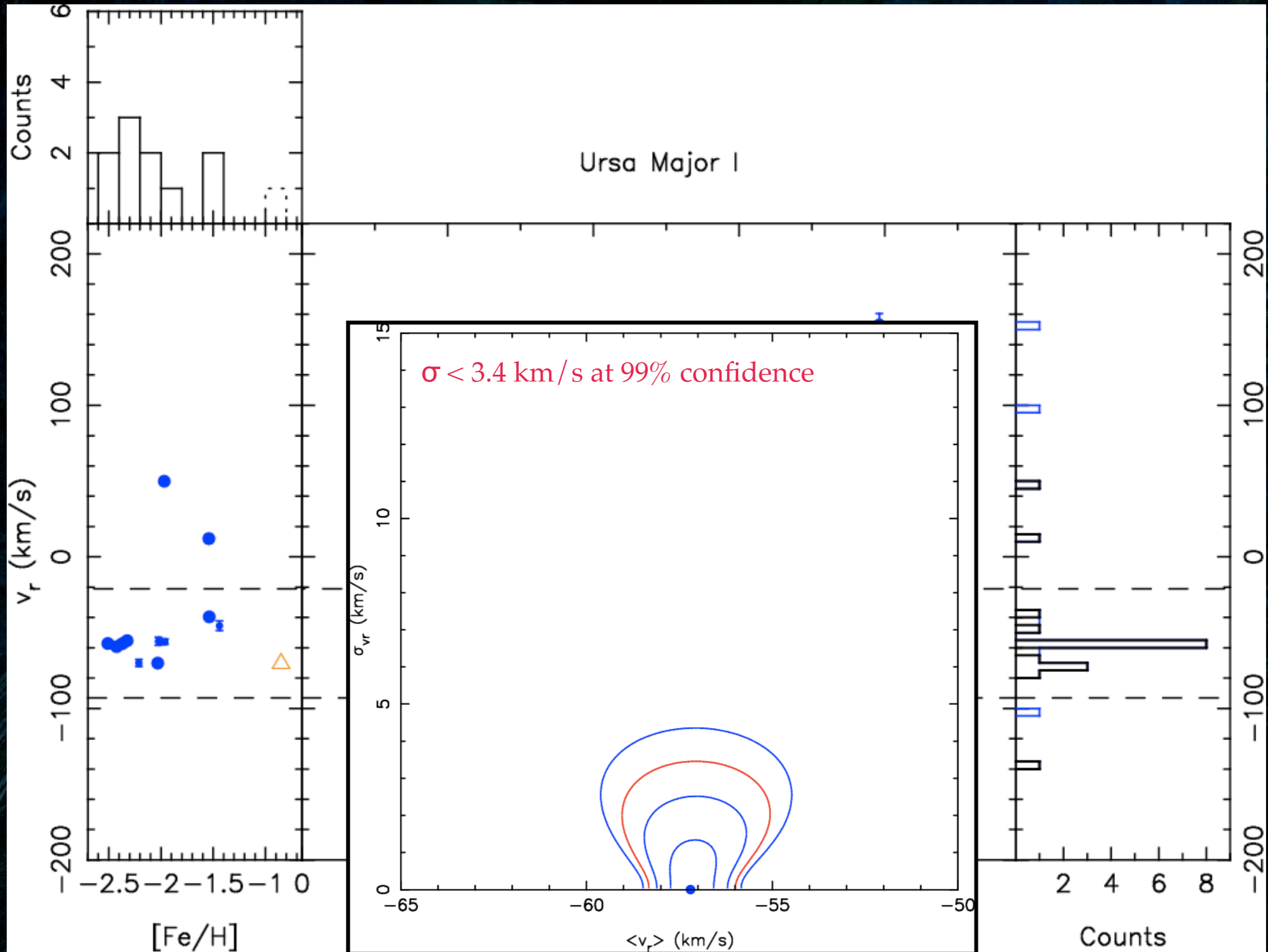


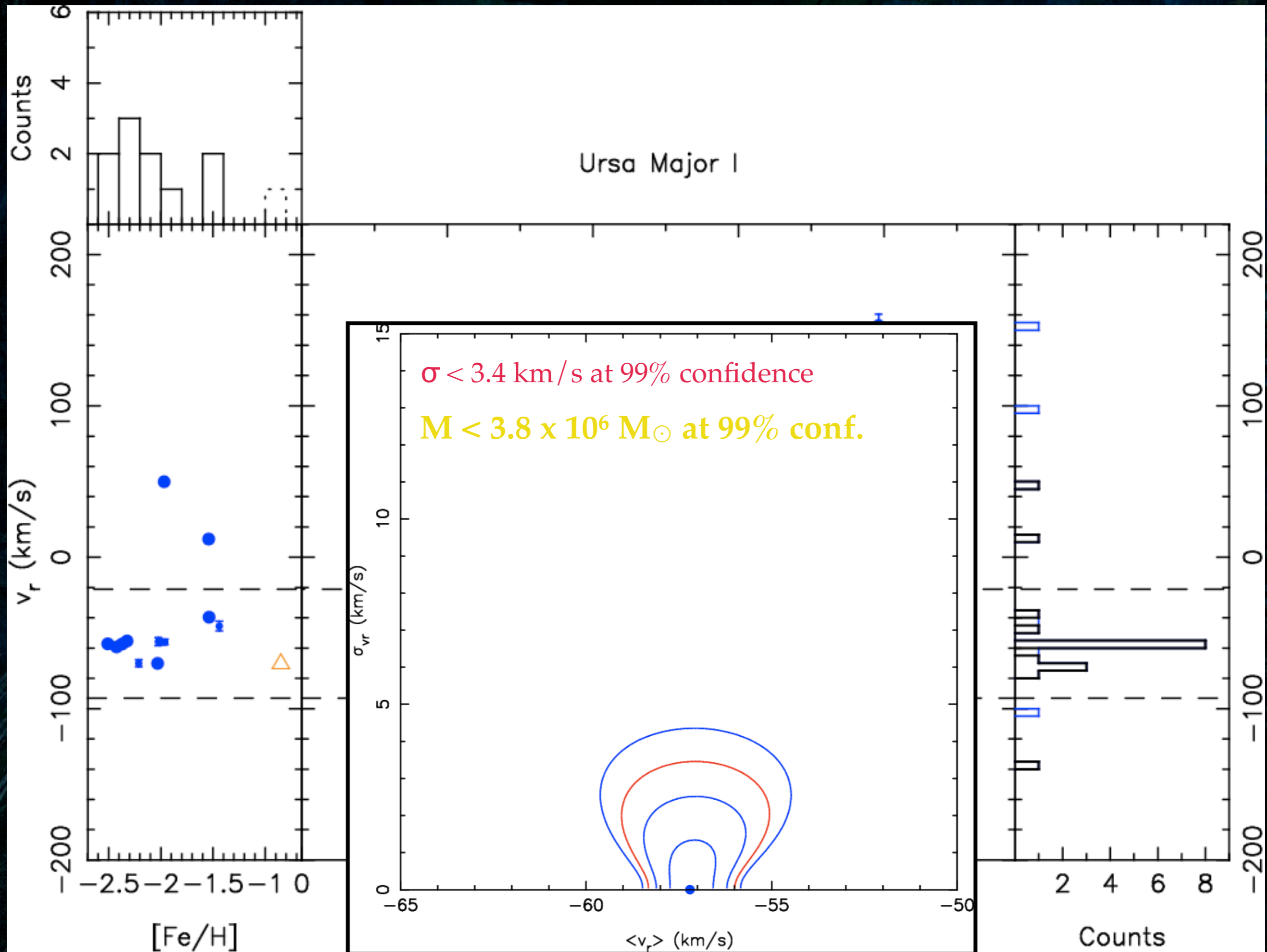


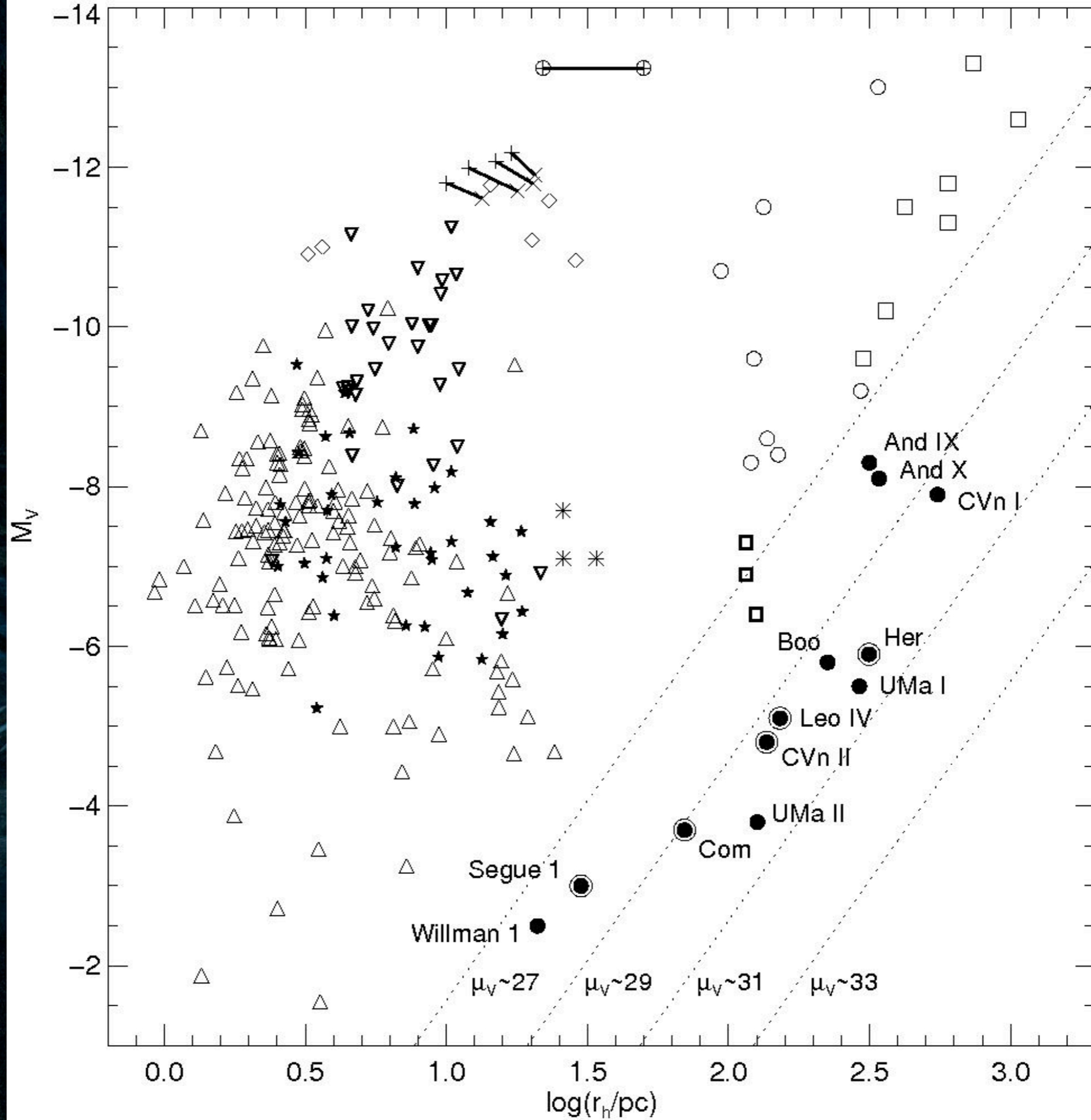


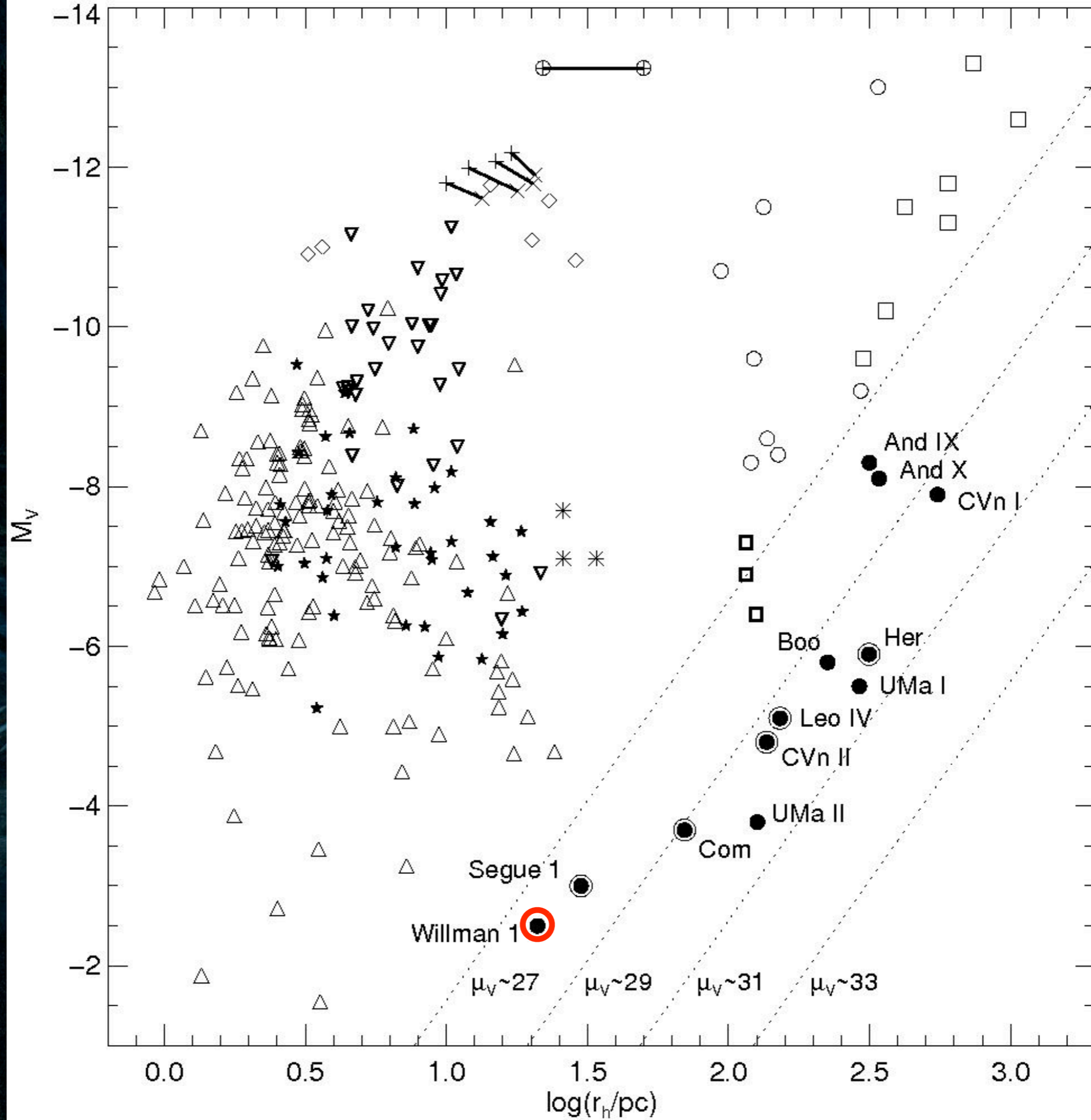




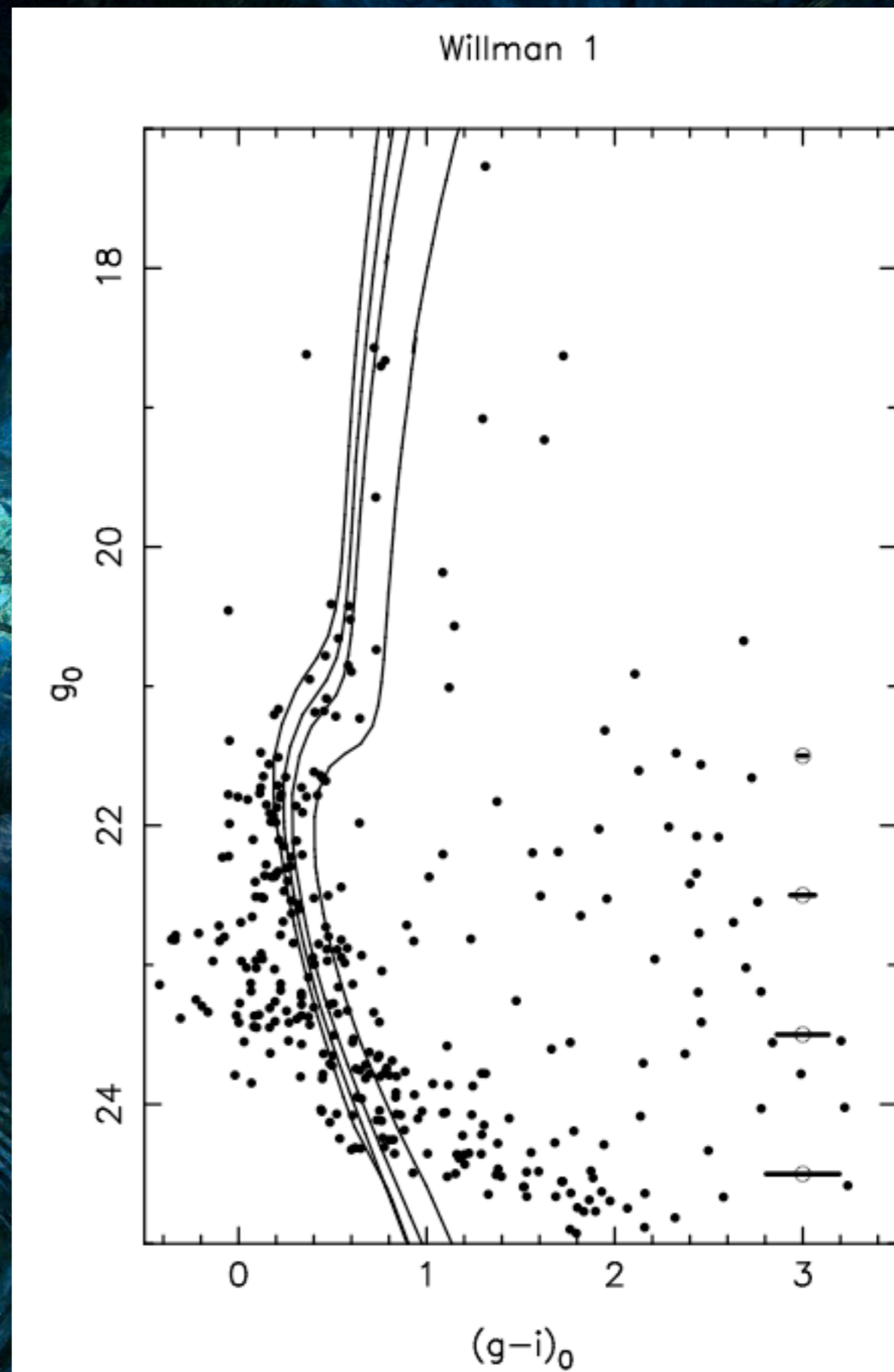
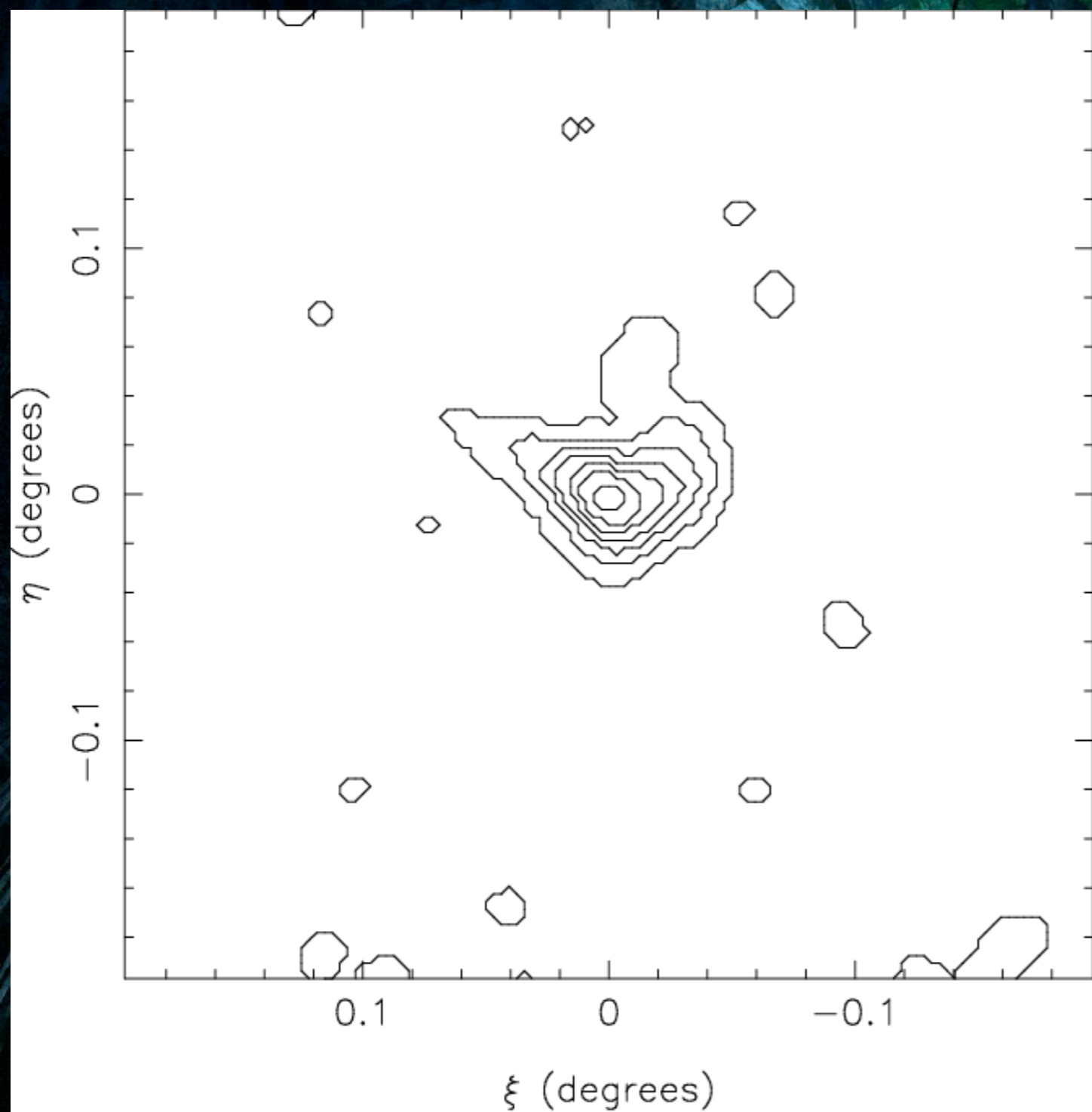




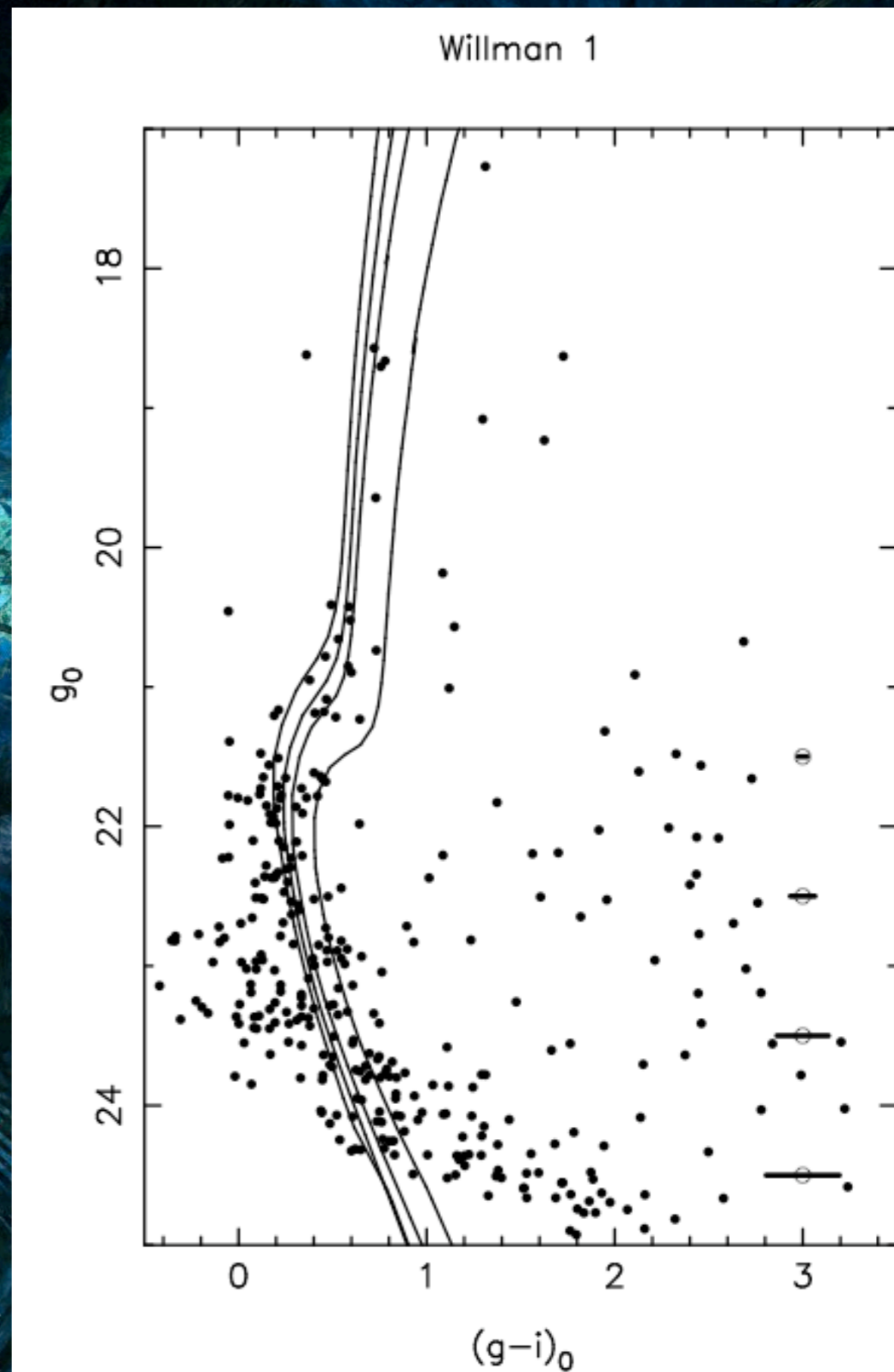
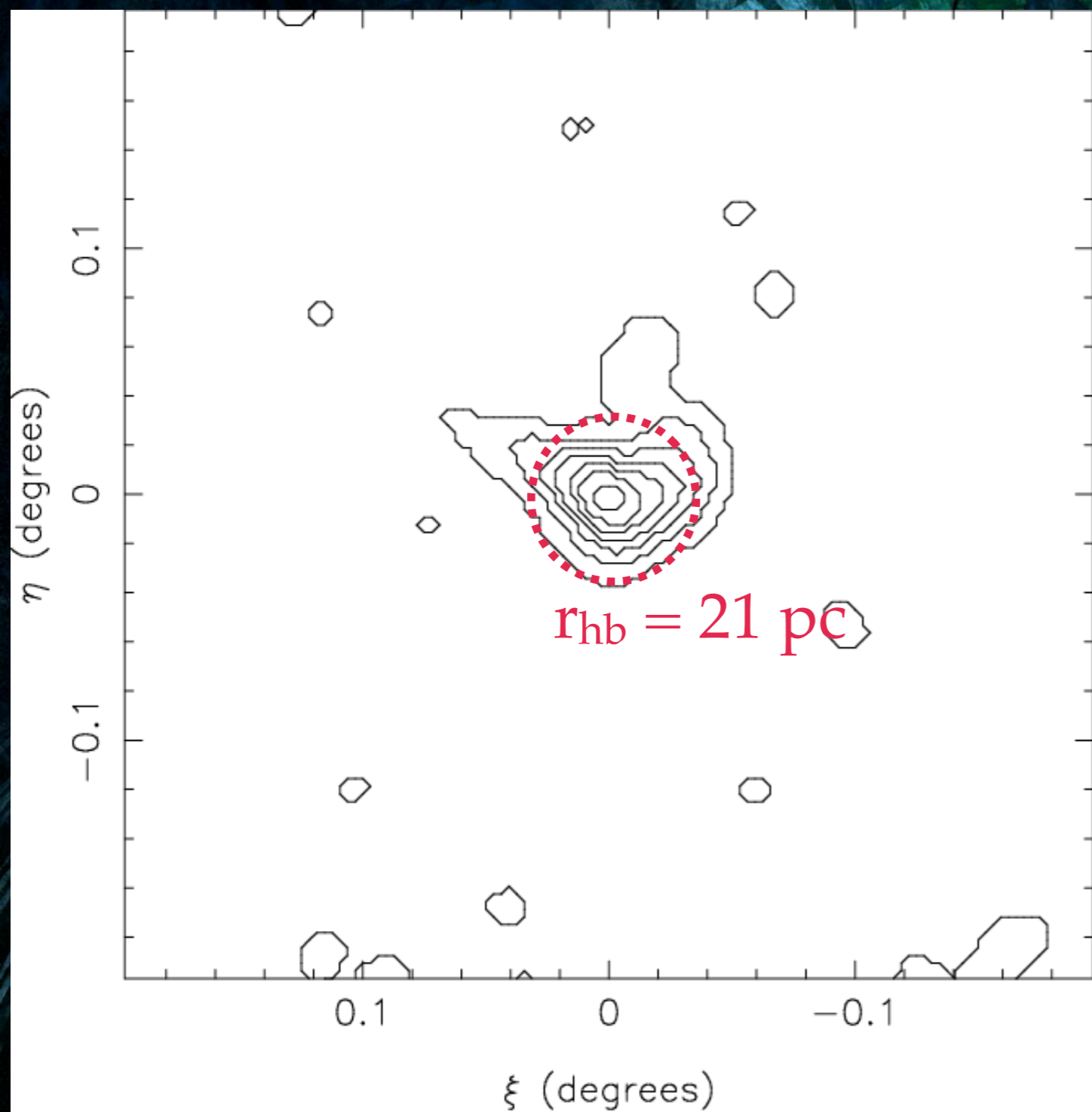




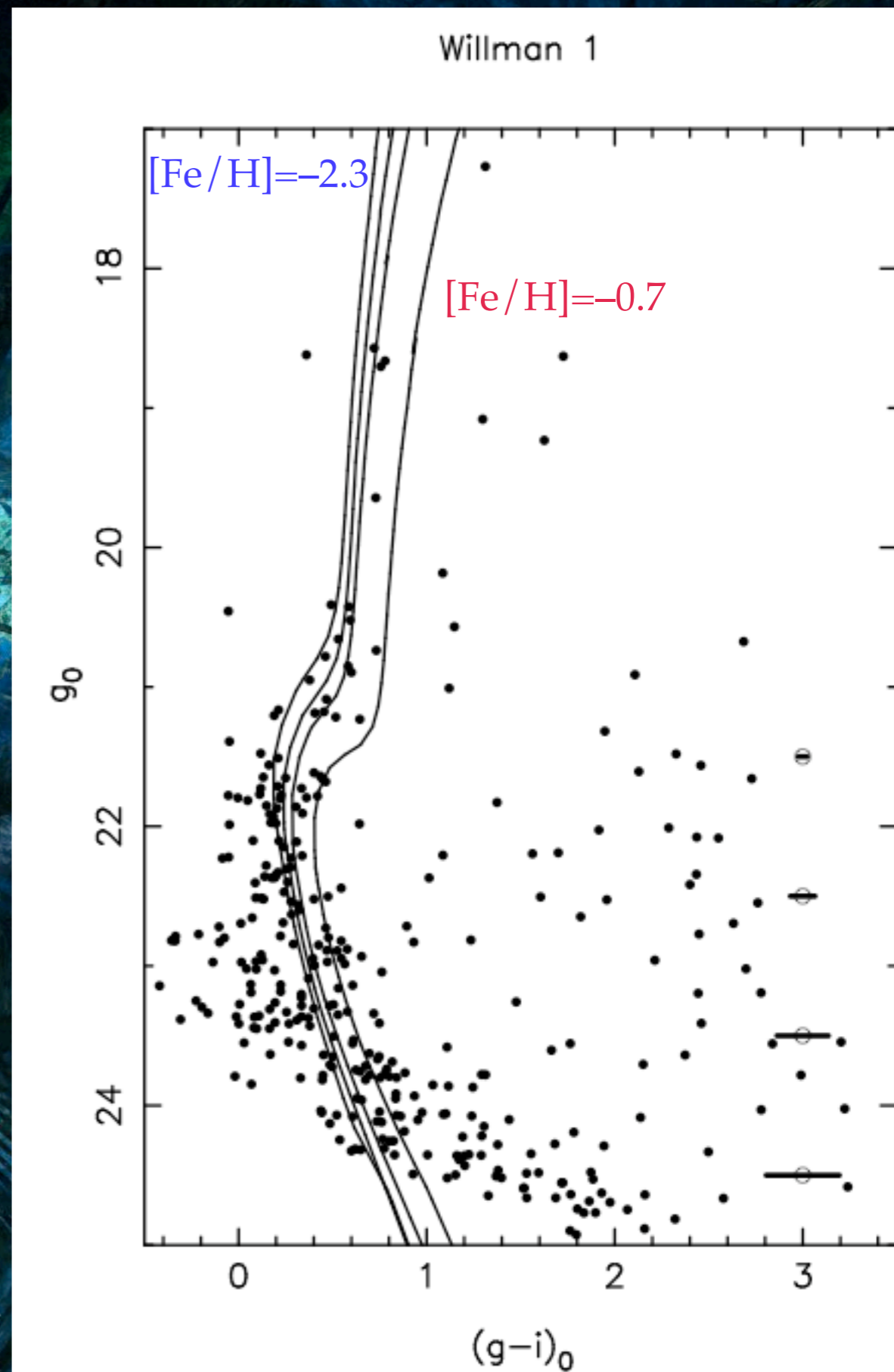
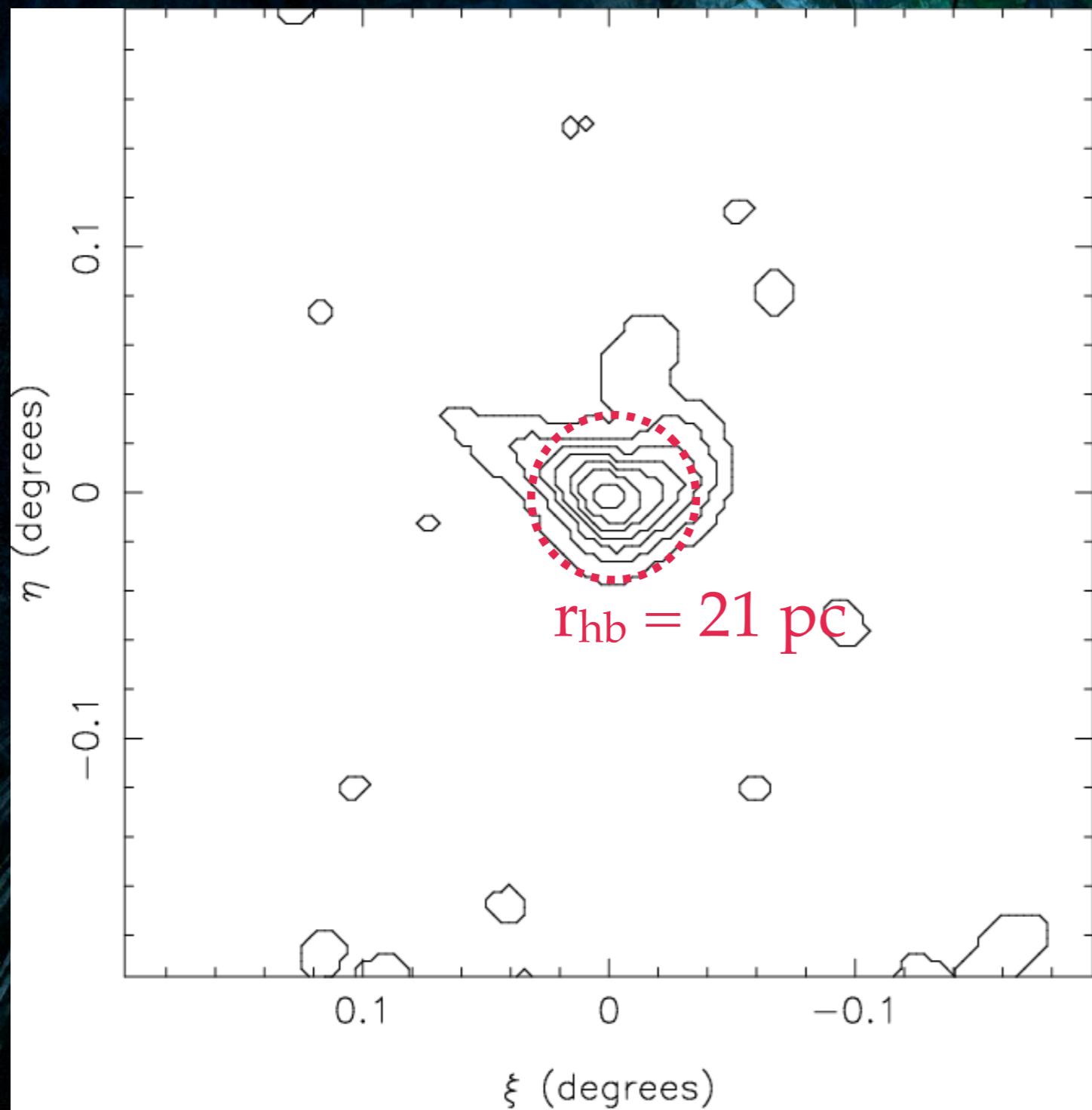
Willman 1, the INT/WFC view

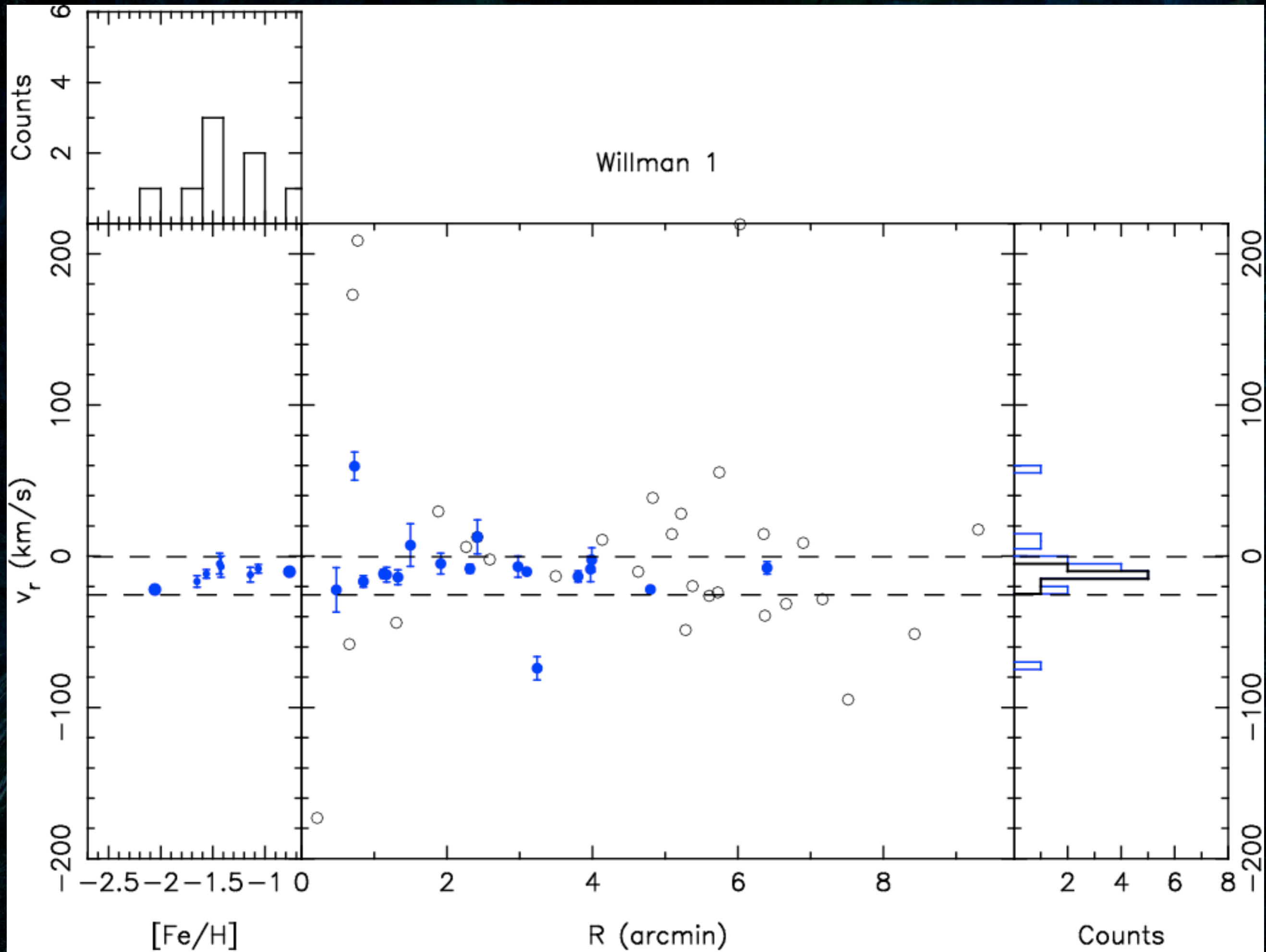


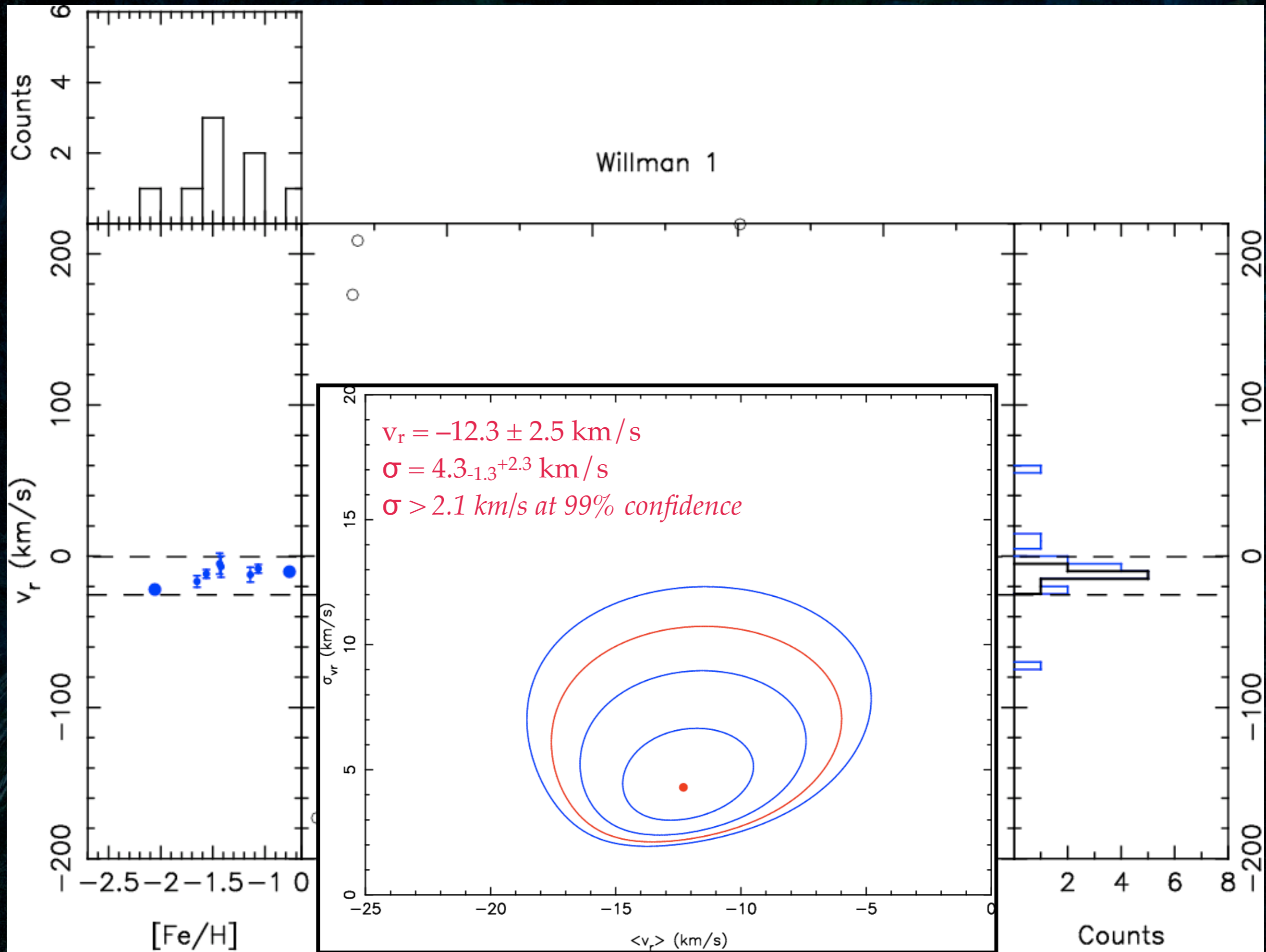
Willman 1, the INT/WFC view

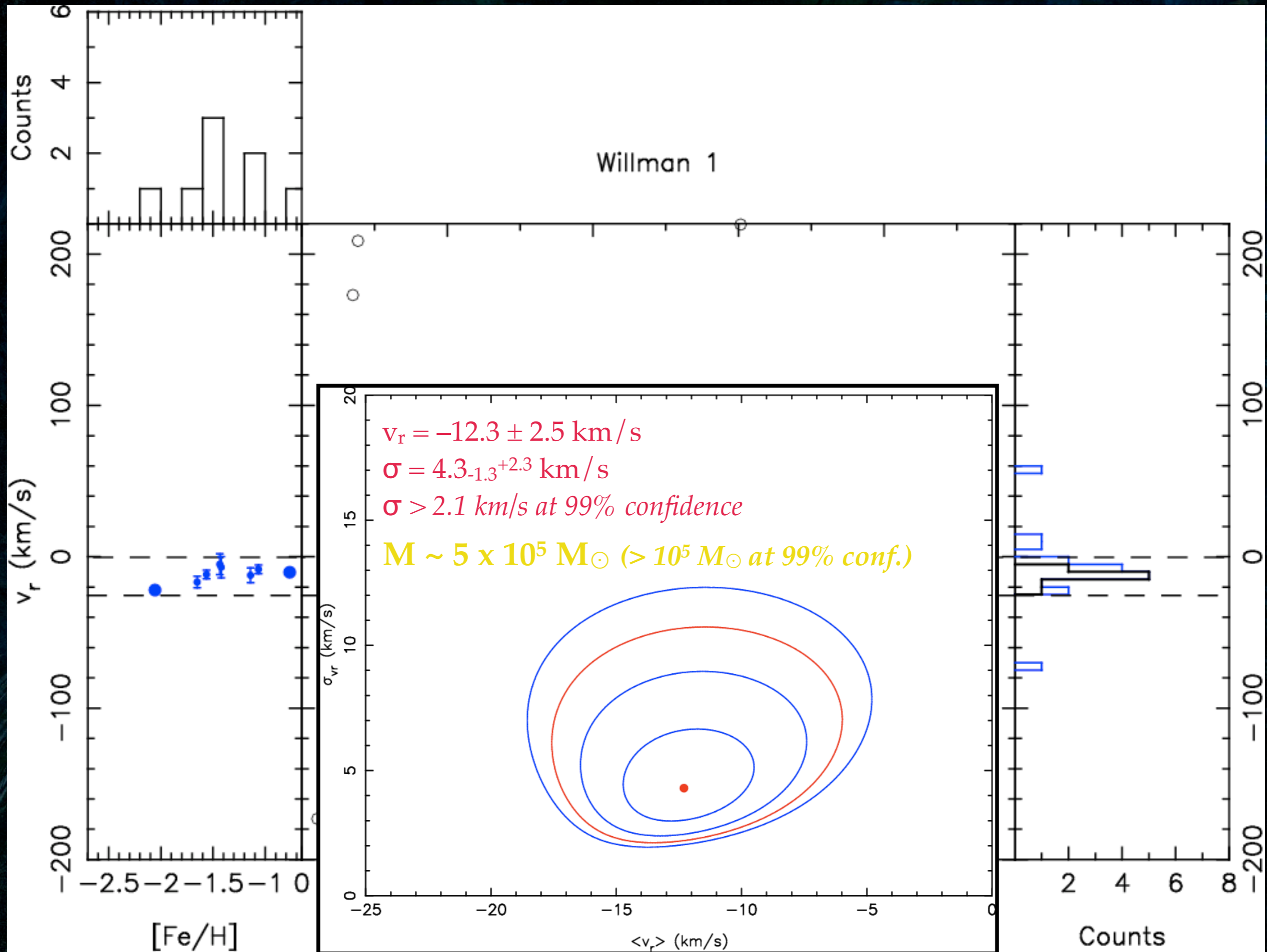


Willman 1, the INT/WFC view









Summary



Summary

	Boo
v_r (km/s)	99.0 ± 2.1
σ_{v_r} (km/s)	$6.5_{-1.4}^{+2.0}$
Mass (M_{\odot})	1.3×10^7
median [Fe/H]	-2.1

Summary

	Boo	CVn I (cold)	CVn I (hot)
v_r (km/s)	99.0 ± 2.1	22.5 ± 0.5	26.5 ± 1.5
σ_{vr} (km/s)	$6.5_{-1.4}^{+2.0}$	0.5 ± 0.5	$13.9_{-2.5}^{+3.2}$
Mass (M_\odot)	1.3×10^7	$\sim 1.1 \times 10^6$	$\sim 1.3 \times 10^8$
median [Fe/H]	-2.1	~ -1.7	~ -2.1

Summary

	Boo	CVn I (cold)	CVn I (hot)	UMa I
v_r (km/s)	99.0 ± 2.1	22.5 ± 0.5	26.5 ± 1.5	-57.0 ± 3.5
σ_{vr} (km/s)	$6.5_{-1.4}^{+2.0}$	0.5 ± 0.5	$13.9_{-2.5}^{+3.2}$	$11.9_{-2.3}^{+3.5} *$
Mass (M_\odot)	1.3×10^7	$\sim 1.1 \times 10^6$	$\sim 1.3 \times 10^8$	$4.7 \times 10^7 *$
median [Fe/H]	-2.1	~ -1.7	~ -2.1	~ -2.1

Summary

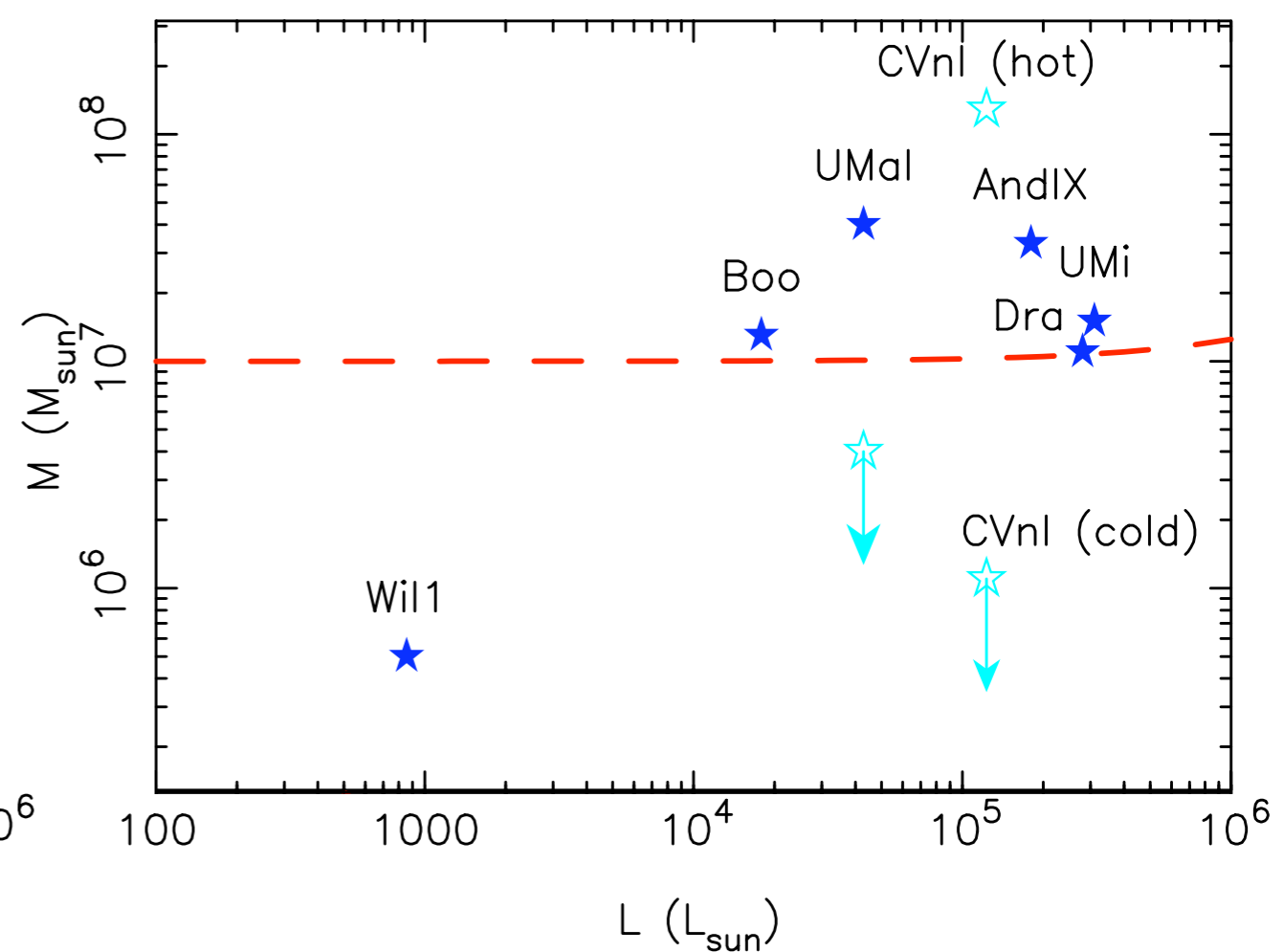
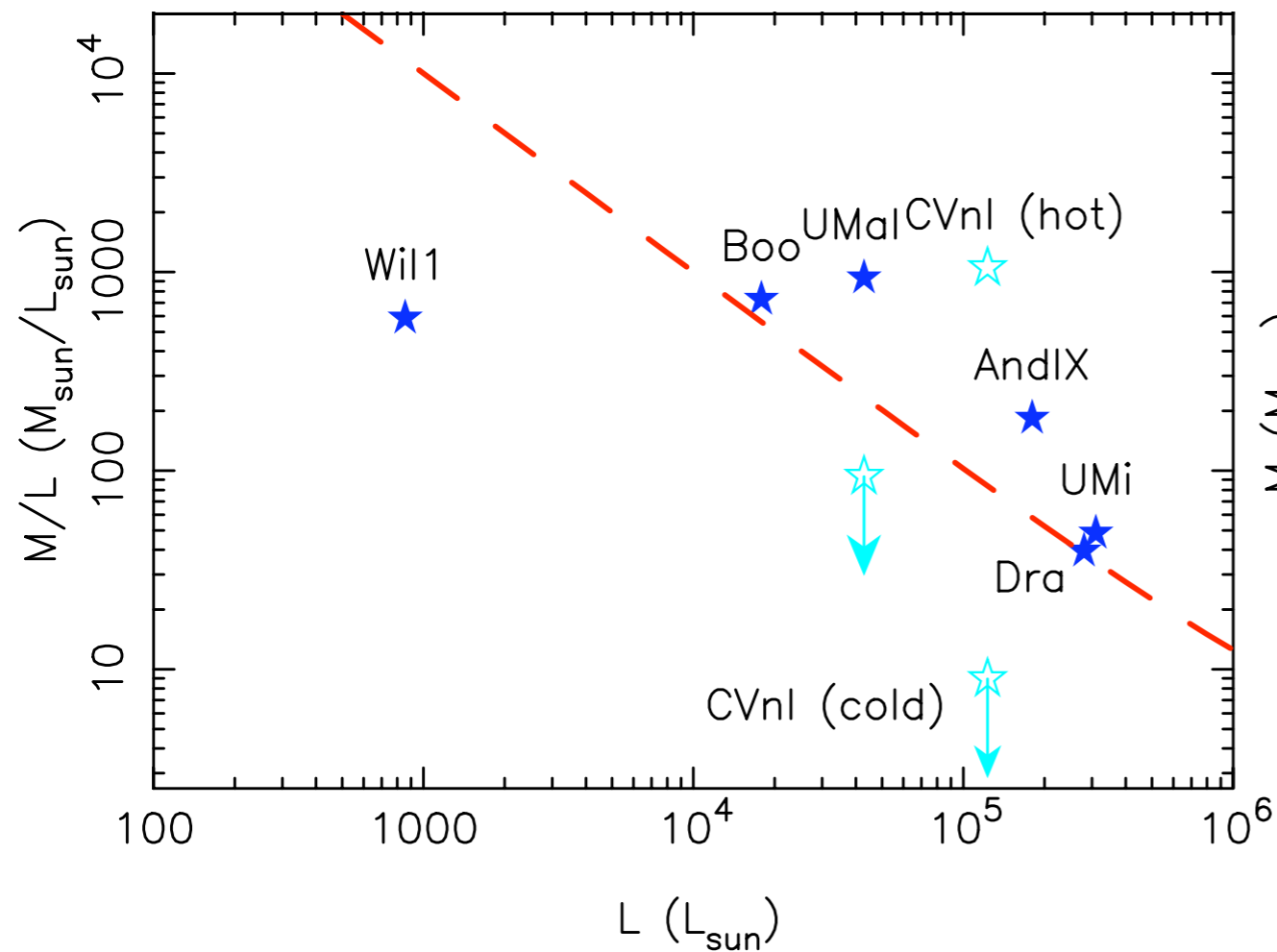
	Boo	CVn I (cold)	CVn I (hot)	UMa I	UMa II
v_r (km/s)	99.0 ± 2.1	22.5 ± 0.5	26.5 ± 1.5	-57.0 ± 3.5	-115 ± 5
σ_{vr} (km/s)	$6.5_{-1.4}^{+2.0}$	0.5 ± 0.5	$13.9_{-2.5}^{+3.2}$	$11.9_{-2.3}^{+3.5} *$	$7.4_{-2.8}^{+4.5}$
Mass (M_\odot)	1.3×10^7	$\sim 1.1 \times 10^6$	$\sim 1.3 \times 10^8$	$4.7 \times 10^7 *$	$0.4-0.9 \times 10^6$
median [Fe/H]	-2.1	~ -1.7	~ -2.1	~ -2.1	$\sim -1.7 *$

Summary

	Boo	CVn I (cold)	CVn I (hot)	UMa I	UMa II	Wil 1
v_r (km/s)	99.0 ± 2.1	22.5 ± 0.5	26.5 ± 1.5	-57.0 ± 3.5	-115 ± 5	-12.3 ± 2.5
σ_{vr} (km/s)	$6.5_{-1.4}^{+2.0}$	0.5 ± 0.5	$13.9_{-2.5}^{+3.2}$	$11.9_{-2.3}^{+3.5} *$	$7.4_{-2.8}^{+4.5}$	$4.3_{-1.3}^{+2.3}$
Mass (M_\odot)	1.3×10^7	$\sim 1.1 \times 10^6$	$\sim 1.3 \times 10^8$	$4.7 \times 10^7 *$	$0.4-0.9 \times 10^6$	5×10^5
median [Fe/H]	-2.1	~ -1.7	~ -2.1	~ -2.1	$\sim -1.7 *$	-1.5

Summary

	Boo	CVn I (cold)	CVn I (hot)	UMa I	UMa II	Wil 1
v_r (km/s)	99.0 ± 2.1	22.5 ± 0.5	26.5 ± 1.5	-57.0 ± 3.5	-115 ± 5	-12.3 ± 2.5
σ_{vr} (km/s)	$6.5_{-1.4}^{+2.0}$	0.5 ± 0.5	$13.9_{-2.5}^{+3.2}$	$11.9_{-2.3}^{+3.5} *$	$7.4_{-2.8}^{+4.5}$	$4.3_{-1.3}^{+2.3}$
Mass (M_\odot)	1.3×10^7	$\sim 1.1 \times 10^6$	$\sim 1.3 \times 10^8$	$4.7 \times 10^7 *$	$0.4-0.9 \times 10^6$	5×10^5
median [Fe/H]	-2.1	~ -1.7	~ -2.1	~ -2.1	$\sim -1.7 *$	-1.5



References

- * Belokurov V. et al. 2007, *ApJ* 658, 337
- * Coleman M., de Jong J., Martin N., Rix H.-W., Sand D., Bell E., Olszewski E., Hippelein H., 2007, *ApJL* submitted
- * Ibata R, Chapman S., Irwin M., Lewis G. & Martin N., 2006, *MNRAS* 373, L70
- * Illingworth G., 1976, *ApJ* 204, 73
- * Martin N., Ibata R., Chapman S., Irwin M. & Lewis G., 2007, *MNRAS* accepted, astro-ph/0705.4622
- * Mateo M., 1998, *ARA&A* 36, 435
- * Piatek S. & Pryor C., 1995, *AJ* 109, 1071
- * Wilkinson M., Kleyna J., Gilmore G., Evans W., Koch A., Grebel E., Wyse R. & Harbeck D., 2006, *The Messenger* 124, 25