

OBSERVATIONAL COSMOLOGY

PROBLEM SHEET 2 – DUE 16/04/2019

Consider a real-valued stochastic variable x with population mean μ and variance σ^2 . An experiment performs N independent measurements of x that we denote with the symbols x_1, \dots, x_N . As an estimator for the population mean of x , we use the statistic: $\hat{\theta} = \sum_{i=1}^N w_i x_i$ where the w_i are some real-valued weights that can be chosen freely.

1. Determine the condition that the weights need to satisfy so that $\hat{\theta}$ is an unbiased estimator for the population mean of x .
2. Among all estimators that satisfy the above condition, consider a particular subset in which $N - 1$ weights are equal. Determine the estimator in this subclass that has the lowest mean square error and write down its weights.